VOLUME XXI---NO. 28

SEYMOUR, INDIANA, TUESDAY EVENING. DECEMBER 8, 1896.

PRICE TWO CENTS.



BOTTLE OF Aperfect Remedy for Constipa-tion, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverish-

ness and Loss of SLEEP. Fac Simile Signature of Chart Fletcher. NEW YORK. Atb months old

Sumpkin Seed -

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER

5 Doses - 35 CENES

DAILY REPUBLICAN Want Column is read daily by 5.000 people. A 5 line or less advertisement For Help For Sale, For Rent. stc., Inserted 2 da 25 cents: 3

days 35 cents I week 50 cents FOR SALE.—Old newspapers, at this office : cents per hundred. WANTED-Everybody to use this column it will pay, investment good.

#### W.K.MARSHALL, ATTORNEY AT-LAW.

Pinffent orger Block BEYMOUR. . . . . INDIANA. Any legal business ontrusted to my ears will neive eareful and prompt attention

O. H MONTGOMERY. ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

Will practice his protession in all the courts of the sate. Careful attention given to collections and to the management of probate matters. Office: Over the First National Bank, Seymour, ndiana.

L. M. MAINS, Sr.,

L M. MAINS, Jr., Dentists.

Cor, Ches nat St, and St, Le als Avenue Office hours 8 a, m, to 5 p. m., 7 p. m. to 8 p. m.

J. W. STADER. Eye Doctor.

All cases of sore eyes left in my care will be promptly treated. Office and residence corner South S:

and Louisville avenue.

L B. HILL, M. D., Seymour, Ind,

Office up stairs, corner of Chestnut St. and St. Louis Avenue. Residence 120 Fifth treet, between Chestnut and Walnut streets, Calls answered promptly.

.....FOR.....

Holiday Presents

Get your Children Fine

Shoes and Rubbers.

W. F. Pfaffenberger

Can give you the Newest Styles, the Finest Quality and

**Lower Prices** 

Byansyille	a	Richmond	Railread
	TI	ME TABLE	
In effet De	ecer	nber 1st, 1896	,
WEST. 71.			EAST, 72.
6:00	a. I	n. Westport	., 5:00
6:15.		Sardinia	3:05
6:40.		Elizabetht'	n 2 30
8:20.		Seymour	1.45 p m.
9:02.		Freetown	12:03 p.m
9:18.		Kurtz	11:47
* 10:08		Heltonville	e 11:00
Arrive 10:33	••••	Bedferd, Ly	7.10:35

2:55......Oden......5:30 Arrive 6:00.......Elnora ......5:00 a.m. H, H. ROSEMAN, G. P. A. J. M. CLARE, Agent, Seymour Ind.

1:50 ........ Indian Sp's 5:25

Leave 12:30 p. m. Bedford, Ar. 7:50

189	6	DEC	EM	BER	. 1	896
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		1	2	3	4	5
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PERSONAL PROPERTY.	- reconsequences	CANADANIA SANCARA		-	-	-

OF EVERY

Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It

s not sold in bulk. Don't allow anyone to sell

ou anything else on the plea or promise that it s "just as good" and "will answer every purces." \*\* See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.

SECRETARY OLNEY'S REPORT.

13 14 15 16 17 18 19

20 21 22 23 24 25 26

It Is the First One In the Memory of

27 28 29 30 31

Old Officials. WASHINGTON, Dec. 8 .- For the first time within the memory of old officials the secretary of state has made a regular report to the president for transmission to congress, like the reports of other officers of the cabinet. The report was laid before congress yesterday as an appendix to the president's message. It treats of many details of our relations during the past year with foreign governments that either were not touched upon at all in the message, or were more briefly treated. Under

the head of Spain, Secretary Olney has much to say in reference to Cuba. The secretary's estimate of the present situation is disclosed in the following paragraphs made after a preliminary statement of the destruction of the industrial resources of Cuba: "From whatever point of view we regard the matter it is impossible not to

discern that a state of things exists at our doors alike dangerous to good relations, destructive of legitimate commerce, fatal to the internal resources of Cuba and most vexatious and trying because entailing upon this government excessive burdens in its domestic administration and in its outward rela-

"This situation cannot indefinitely continue without growing still worse, and that time may not be far distant when the United States must seriously consider whether its rights and interests, as well as its international duties, in view of its peculiar relations to the island, do not call for some decided change in the policy hitherto pursued."

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Prevailing Prices For Grain, Cattle and Provisions on Dec. 7.

Indianapolis.

Indianapolis.

WHEAT—Weak; No. 2 red, 90c.
CORN—Weak; No. 2 mixed, 20c.
OATS—Dull: No. 2 mixed, 20c.
CATTLE—Heavy dry fed steers, \$4.15@
4.90; medium to good shipping steers, \$8.75@4.10; common to fair steers, \$8.25@
3.65; feeding steers, \$2.75@4.25; common to choice cows, \$1.00@3.50; veal calves, \$3.50@
5.25. Market dull.
Hogs—Packing and good to choice, \$3.10@3.25; lightweights, \$9.10@3.25; pigs and roughs, \$2.25@2.85. Market active.
SHEEP—Common to choice lambs, \$3.50@4.25; medium to choice sheep, \$2.25@4.35; one sheep, \$3.25@4.25; medium to choice sheep, \$3.25@4.00. Market weak.

Chicago Grain and Provisions. Chicago Grain and Provisions.

WHEAT—May opened 80%c, closed 80%c.
CORN—May opened 26c, closed 26%c.
OATS—May opened 21%c, closed 21%c.
PORK—Jan. opened \$7.50, closed \$7.57.
fay opened \$7.85, closed \$7.90.
LAED—Jan. opened \$8.80, closed \$3.85.
Iay opened \$4.00, closed \$4.07.
RIBS—Jan. opened \$8.90, closed \$8.85.
Iay opened \$8.95, closed \$4.00.
Closing cash markets: Wheat, 77%g;
orn, 23c; oats, 18%c; pork, \$6.80; lard, 8.70; ribs, \$3.85.

Uncinnati Grain and Stock,
WHEAT—'niet; No. 2 red, 95c.
CORN—A. ive; No. 2 mixed, 22½c.
OATS—Fil. n; No. 2 mixed, 20c.
CATTLE—Steady at \$2.25@4.50.
Hogs—Lower at \$2.25@4.50.
SNREP—Weak at \$2.00@8.25; lambs, dull at \$8.00@4.40. Cincinnati Grain and Stock,

Toledo Grain. WHEAT-Lower; No. 2 cash, 941/c. CORN-Steady; No. 2 mixed, 28c. OATS-Lower; No. 2 mixed, 18c.

### SENATE AND HOUSE

Fifty-Fourth Congress Has Begun Its Concluding Session.

FOREIGN MINISTERS PRESENT.

Brilliant and Interesting Crowd Throng. ed the Galleries of the House-After the Reading of the President's Message Both Houses Adjourn-What Members Say of the Document.

States senate began the second session of the Fifty-fourth congress with crowded galleries and with that accompaniment of activity and of greeting that usually attends the reassembling of congress. But the upper branch of congress never puts aside its dignity, and the meeting developed no demonstrations of dramatic incidents.

The reading of the president's message was the feature of the proceedings, and beyond this, no attempt was made to enter upon the business of the session. To many of the foreign representatives occupying the diplomatic gallery the message had special interest and significance owing to the part they had taken in the conspicuous foreign events to which the president referred.

Sir Julian Pauncefote, the British Ambassador, and the new Turkish minister, Moustapha Bey were present. Senor Depuy de Lome, the Spanish minister, was not in attendance during the day, but two of the secretaries of the Spanish legation causally noted the references to the Cuban conflict. Minister Hatch of Hawaii, and Mr. Cooper, the Hawaiian minister of foreign affairs, were listeners, although the message contained no reference to the Hawaiian islands.

On the floor of the senate printed opies of the message were distributed and these gave the senators opportunity to read the salient features instead of istening to them. As a result there vas scant attention after the reading had proceeded beyond the first half hour. The reading of the message covered one hour and 15 minutes, and at its conclusion the senate adjourned.

HOUSE.

dalleries Crowded to Witness the Opening Session.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 8. - While the scenes attending the opening of the house yesterday were both brilliant and the galleries and the conspicuous personages present, the proceedings themselves were dull and spiritless, being distinctively routine. The house met, the chaplain invoked the divine blessing on the work of the session, the roll was called, a committee consisting of Mr. Cannon of Illinois, Mr. Payne of New York and Mr. Turner of Georgia was appointed to wait on the president, and the latter's annual communication was

The reading consumed two hours. It was Mr. Cleveland's farewell message and their was much curiosity as to his views, on Cuba especially, but there was no demonstration either of approval or dissent throughout its reading. The holiday nature of the day was saddened by the announcement of the death of ex-Speaker Crisp, which Mr. Turner of Georgia, formerlly made

to his associates. Out of respect to the memory of the distinguished Georgian, the house, after adopting appropriate resolutions, immediately adjourned.

Adirondack Guide Rilled. SARATOGA, Dec. 8.—Frederick Lovell.

one of the oldest and best known guides in the Adirondacks, has been accidentally killed by a falling tree. Lovell was a giant in stature and had remarkable strength. He was 70 years old.

General Pearson Paralyzed.

PITTSBURG, Dec. 8.-A. L. Pearson, prominent member of the Union Veteran league, suffered a stroke of paralysis yesterday at his home, near Sewickley, and is not expected to recover.

Governor Bradley Better.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 8.-Governor W. O. Bradley of Kentucky was on the streets yesterday, taking the first exercise since his arrival here for treatment last week. His throat is much better.

## Are You Thin?

Look about you! See for yourself! Who suffer most from sleeplessness, nervousness, nervous dyspepsia, neuralgia, despondency, general weak-ness? Who are on the edge of nervous prostration all the time? Those who are thin, Opium, chloral, bromides, headache powders, only make matters worse. Iron and bitters are only stimulants. To be cured, and cured for good, you need a fat-making food. You want new blood, rich blood; and a strong nerve-

SCOTT'S EMULSION of Cod-liver Oil with Hypophosphites is all this. It feeds the tissues, makes rich blood, and strengthens the nerves.

Book about it free for the asking. For sale by all druggists at 50c. and

SCOTT & BOWNE, New York.

HANNA ENTERTAINED. He Declined to Give His Views on the

President's Message. WASHINGTON, Dec. 8. -- Chairman Mark Hanna was asked last night for an interview on the president's message. Mr. Hanna excused himself, saving that

while he expected to read the message, he had not yet done so. Mr. Hanna was entertained at dinner last night by Colonel John Hay at his

residence on Sixteenth street. Those invited to meet him were Senators Sherman, Cameron, Cullom, Brice, Wolcott, Proctor, Hale and Lodge; Representative Hitt of Illinois, General WASHINGTON, Dec. 8.—The United Miles, General Horace Porter of New York, William M. Osborne of Massachusetts, Hon. Henry C. Payne, Charles J. Dawes of Chicago, Assistant Secretary of State Rockhill and Henry White. The dinner was an entirely informal affair.

EX-GOVERNOR HOAR.

Elgin Board of Trade Wish Him Made Secretary of Agriculture.

ELGIN, Ills., Dec. 8.-Ex-Governor W. D. Hoar had aid given his boom as secretary of agriculture in the McKinley cabinet, by a resolution passed yes- out to make a thorough inspection of tereay afternoon by the Elgin board of the road. trade. This board which regulates the American butter market, is in favor of the Wisconsin man because he is a dairyman himself and is opposed to butterine, hollow cheese and patent which had the right-of-way. The spefats. The resolution was prepared by leading members of the organization. The board thinks the figures in the colmember of the cabinet.

RUMORS ABOUT BRADLEY.

His Throat Trouble Caused Him to Retire From the Senatorial Race.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Dec. 8.-A rumor coming from some of Governor Bradley's close friends is current here that he has been very despondent of late; that he believes his throat trouble has been caused by the continual harassment of his office; that his ill health caused him to drop out of the senatorial race and has caused his hesitation about calling an extra session of the legisla-All this has given rise to a rumor ture. that he seriously contemplates resign-

NASHVILLE BLAZE.

Agricultural Works Together With Stock Totally Destroyed by Fire.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Dec. 8. - Last night the entire plant and buildings of the Withington & Russell Co., covering | The property loss is estimated at from about six acres, was totally destroyed \$10,000 to \$15,000. by fire together with a large stock of manufactured goods. The company manufactured agricultural implements. employing 115 hands. Seven freight cars loaded with goods were also burned. The loss is \$125,000 and insurance cannot be estimated. Cause of fire explosion of a lamp.

COLONEL FELLOWS DEAD.

He Passed Away Yesterday-His Funeral Tomorrow.

NEW YORK, Dec. 8 .- Colonel J. R. Fellows died yesterday. The funeral will take place on today afternoon at 3 o'clock from the church of the Intercession. The interment will be in Trinity cemetery.

Pelatives Visit the McKinleys.

CANTON, O., Dec. 8 .- George Morse of San Francisco has returned to Canton from New York. Mr. Morse married Miss Ida McKinley, daughter of the late David McKinley, on the coast, Their charming little daughter, Majoria, 2 years old, is the only infant among the McKinley relationship. Mr. and Mrs. Morse will remain guests at Mother Nancy Allison McKinley's home this week. They will come from San Francisco to attend the inauguration at Washington.

William J. Bryan.

LINCOLN, Neb., Dec. 8 .- A representative of the press called upon W. J. Bryan and showed him a copy of President Cleveland's message. "Mr. Cleveland's message" said Mr. Bryan, "is too important a document either to be commented upon in piece-meal or briefly as a whole. I do not care to express myself upon the message until I shall have had opportunity to carefully read and

Kentucky Distillers.

LOUISVILLE, Dec. 8.—A joint meeting of a committee from the Kentucky Distillers' association and a committee from the National Wholesale Liquor Dealers' association was held at the Galt House yesterday to take action in regard to a proposed attempt to have congress pass a bill allowing the bottling of whisky in bond.

Landslide In France.

DIEPPE, France, Dec. 8.-An enormous mass of the cliffs here have collapsed, including that part upon which stood the Chalet Bamberger, which was 60 yards from the edge. There is much excitement here, as the fissures threaten further slips. The damage done already amounts to 120,000 francs.

TELEGRAPH BREVILLES.

Judge Lochren at St. Paul, Minn., yesterday denied the application for a receiver for the Yellowstone Park associa-

Kansas City board of trade yesterday unanimously passed a resolution asking President Cleveland to acknowledge the independence of Cuba.

Rev. Dr. Lewis Albert Banks has de

cided to give up his Hanson Place M. E. church, New York. His participation in politics is distasteful to his congregation. The United States controller of the currency has declared dividends in favor of insolvent national banks as follows: Ten per cent, the First National bank of Sundance, Wyo.; 5 per cent, the Commercial National bank of Nashville, Tenn.

John Rich, who was sentenced to years imprisonment for strangling his wife to death at Atlantic City, N. J., has made a confession. He says she revived once and he then tied a handkerchief around her throat and buried her alive. THEY MET HEAD ON

Two Passenger Trains Collide on the Baltimore and Southwestern.

TRAINMEN FORGET ORDERS,

Three Human Lives Go Out Like a Flash and Sixteen Other Persons are Seriously Injured-One Train Contained Railroad Officials Inspecting the Road-List of the Dead and Injured.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 8. - A horrible wreck occurred here yesterday, near Storr station, on the Baltimore and Ohio Southwestern, in which three persons were killed and 16 injured. The trains in collision were No. 22, an accommodation, coming in from Cochran, Ind., and a special made up of a passenger coach and two private cars. The special was carrying all the general officers of the Baltimore and Ohio Southwestern, except General Manager Peabody and President Bacon, who were starting

The engineer and conductor of the special had orders to follow 15 minutes behind a preceding regular train, and to keep out of the way of train No. 22, cial stopped at Storrs, where it should have waited for No. 22, but the engineer and conductor both forgot the orumn of majorities for the president- der concerning that train, and pulled elect entitle the immeuse butter and out. When three-quarters of a mile milk interest to representative as a west of Storrs the trains came together. There was a fog which prevented seeing clearly, so neither engineer suspected a collision until the shock came.

The killed are: JOHN PRICE, engineer. HOMER DILON, fireman. L. ZIPPERNICK, civil engineer. The seriously injured are: General Traffic Manager Randolph. General Passenger Agent Chesborough. Chief Engineer Carrothers. Engineer Tom Jones. Fireman John Kennedy. Baggagemaster Harvey. Charles E. Whiting, passenger. Fred Moore, passenger. The slightly injured: Press Agent James H. Maddy. John Mills, trainman. Conductor Sam Elswick. Brakeman Charles Chapman. Brakeman James Bewley. Mrs. Alexander Patterson. Conductor M. H. Sexton.

F. N. Moore, chief clerk in Chief Engineer Kittredge's office, Big Four.

STEEL TRUST.

Reasons For Beliveing the Gigantic

Monopoly Has Gone to Pieces. CLEVELAND, Dec. 8.—The Bessemer Steel association, popularly known as the steel trust, has apparently gone to pieces. A Cleveland manufacturer who nses steel billets has received from concerns which have been members of the association, word that they were acting independently and would like to submit their prices. He received three letters, one of which said that the firm sending it had withdrawn from the pool and could now make better prices. The other two merely said the senders were independent and wished to be considered when future orders were made. A telegram was received to the same effect. The recipient of these communications said he had no doubt that all consumers of steel had been put

in possession of the same information. Company Denies a Report. NEW HAVEN, Dec. 8 .- An authoritative denial was given by the officials of the New York, New Haven and Hartford railroad yesterday to the statement that the company had under consideration a mammoth scheme to equip its lines all over the state with electricity.

Will Diversify Its Output. LORAINE, O., Dec. 8. - The Johnston Steel company is preparing to diversify its output. Today the first experiment at rolling sheet steel for tin plate is being made. It is expected that the John-

son people will arrange their affairs so

that they will not be subject to the



Some men are afraid of death, some are not. Most of us would rather not meet the grim destroyer to-We would rather put it off until to-morrow, or until next year. Mere wishes do not count for much in the matter. A man may not want to die. He may not want to be sick. He may wish and hope and pray that he will not be sick nor meet death, but wishing and hoping won't help him. It is what he does, and not what he

wishes that serve his purpose. If a man is losing flesh, and is nervous, irritable, sleepless and debilitated, he may wish he would get well, but one bottle of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery will do more than an ocean of wishes. man is on the way to consumption, he should make a stop as quickly as possible. He should put on brakes. He needn't be afraid he has consumption if he will do the right thing—if he will just take the right medicine. The "Golden Medical Discovery" cures incipient and well developed consumption. sumption is a germ disease and a blood disease. The "Golden Medical Discovery" kills the germs and purifies the blood. It increases the appetite, helps digestion, makes assimilation perfect, and so builds up solid, wholesome flesh. Hundreds of grateful people afflicted Hundreds of grateful people afflicted with consumption, brouchial, throat and kindred diseases, have testified that it has actually saved their lives. For the sake of the information they contain, some of these letters have been included in Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, a thousand page, illustrated book, which will be sent free on receipt of twenty-one (21) one-cent stamps to pay for mailing only. Every family should have a copy for ready reference in case of sudden sickness or accidenta. World's Dispensary Medical Association, No. 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.-Latest U.S. Gov't Report

ABSOLUTELY PURE

HIS ACCOUNTS SHORT

Postmaster at Atlanta, Ind., Goes Wrong and Is Relieved.

KICKED TO DEATH BY A HORSE.

Bristol, Ind., Experiences a Boom and Is Without an Empty House-Hog Leprosy Prevalent-Insane Man Kills His Wife and Then Drowns Himself-Novel Lawsuit-Brevities.

ATLANTA, Ind., Dec. 8 .- J. N. Spidel, postmaster here, is short in his account Wife's Children Sue a Husband's Children with the government \$800 or more. The inspector's search disclosed a shortage of \$800, and the examination is not yet completed. As soon as the shortage became known Spidel was dismissed, and Hugh Scully was appointed in his stead. It is not yet known what was the occasion for his defalcation. It is conjectured that he lost money on the result of the election.

CLOVERSEED THIEVES.

Two Young Men Confess to Robbing C. B. Overman of the Seed.

MARION, Ind., Dec. 8 .- Two young men, giving the names of Norman Webb and Albert Wright, drove here yesterday morning with a lot of clover seed and attempted to dispose of it. The attention of the officers was called. and they were arrested. The sacks bore | the hemorrhages which might prove the initials "C. B. O." Telephone communication with C. B. Overman, who resides at Windfall, brought the reply that the cloverseed had been stolen from him. The boys broke down and confessed their guilt. Their home is in Tipton county.

BADLY BURNED.

The engines were badly wrecked, Two Men Seriously Injured at Muncie In Tucker escaped unhurt. McMurray is a Gas Explosion. the firm of C. H. Over & Co., window- wife and then the shooting began. glass manufacturers, and George Vincent, night watchman at the factory, were horribly, and perhaps fatally, burned in a natural gas explosion yesterday. They were repairing a gas pump. Vincent thoughtlessly struck a match and a terrific explosion resulted. Both men were burned so badly on their exposed parts that the skin and pieces of flesh fell off. Their eyes were in jured, and Vincent may go blind. His hair was all burned off his head. The recovery of either man is not certain.

PROSPEROUS TOWN.

Bristol Indiana, Experiences a Revival In Business-No Empty Houses.

BRISTOL, Ind., Dec. 8.-This place notes a revival in business since the election. There is not a vacant house in the town, and there is a demand for tenements. The National Cigar company of this place has removed its factory from Hudson, Mich., and consolidated it with the factory here. The Bristol Manufacturing company has been reorganized, after six months' closedown, and work has begun on the foundation of the new operahouse, which is being erected by H. H. Mesier

of Indianapolis. Inhaled Fumes From Potato Bugs.

BELLEFONTAINE, O., Dec. 8 .- Rev. Paul Ladd, a well known colored minister of this city is dead from a strange cause. Several months ago he planted a patch of potatoes, and the vines being covered with potato bugs, he proceeded to gather them in a pan and burn them. Unfortunately, Mr. Ladd inhaled some of the fumes, which seem to have been a deadly poison, for at once his lungs became strange affected, and he sunk into a consumptive state, which resulted

Son of a Famous Editor.

HUNTINGTON, Ind., Dec. 8.-W. J. Phillips, night clerk at the Osborne hotel here, died very suddenly last Friday and all efforts to locate any of his relatives proved fruitless until a message was received from a brother Al F. Phillips of Kansas City, who arrived last night to take charge of the remains. The deceased was a son of T. C. Phillips, founder of the Kokomo (Ind.) Tribune, and the remains will be sent to that city for interment.

Government Detectives at Work. LAPORTE, Ind., Dec. 8 .- Two secret service officers of the government are at work in northern Indiana tracing the origin of the large amount of spurious money in circulation. During the last 10 days a number of dangerous counterfeits have come to light, while some localities have been flooded with spurions half and dollar pieces. Thomas Knight, living near Three Oaks is under

Otiver Springstead.

BLOOMINGTON, Ills., Dec. 8.-Oliver Springstead, a noted character of this courty, is dead at his home in Saybrook. aged 70. He was a type of the old-time village schoolmaster, and had been en-gaged in educational work in Saybrook and vicinity for nearly 40 years. He was a man of strong intellect and high

Diphtheria In Pulaski County.

LAPORTE, Ind., Dec. 8.-Fifteen cases of diphtheria are reported in Franklin township, Pulaski county. The school have been closed, and every precaution is being taken to prevent what promises to be a serious scourage of the disease. The malady is also raging near Wilders, this county.

WORK OF VANUALO. Cleveland's Picture In the Cook County

Democratic Club Cut to Pieces. CHICAGO, Dec. 8. - The picture of President Cleveland, which hung in the rooms of the Cook county Democratic club, has been cut to pieces. The perpetrators of the deed are unknown. It is supposed to be the result of the strife between the gold and silver wings of the party which reached its height at the annual club election yesterday. The picture, which was one of the largest and finest of the president in existence, was painted in Buffalo and brought to

NOVEL LAWSUIT.

the national convention of 1888 by the

Butfalo Democrats, who presented the

portrait to the Cook county Democracy.

For Damages and Recover.

CLEVELAND, Dec. 8 .- A novel lawsuit terminated yesterday in the court of common pleas. On Nov. 5, 1894, Humphrey Johnson shot and killed his wife Nellie at their home in Collinwood, near here. Then he committed suicide. Both had children by former marriages. The administrator for the wife's children sued the administrator for the husband's children for \$10,000 damages for the killing of Mrs. Johnson. The jury brought in a verdict for \$8,000.

Mrs. Governor Matthews. INDIANAPOLIS, Dec. 8.—The condition

of Mrs. Governor Matthews has not

changed materially. The governor,

Miss Helen Matthews and Mrs. Cortez Ewing of Greensburg were with the patient all of yesterday. The physicians hoped that there would be no return of very serious and even fatal, and they watched for any indication of their return, but there was no recurrence of them, and this morning Mrs. Matthews was resting easily. Shot His Landlord.

PETERSBURG, Ind., Dec. 8.-W. W. Tucker, a farm tenant, shot Matthew

McMurray, his landlord, fatally yester-

day. Both emptied their revolvers, but

a wealthy farmer. Tucker accused Mc-MUNCIE, Ind., Dec. 8.—C. H. Over, of Murray of improper intimacy with his Tucker surrendered to the authorities Carbon Miners at Work. CARBON, Ind., Dec. 8 .- The miners at this place are working better than

they have for the last two years. All the mines around here are putting in full time with full forces. Two com-

panies have orders ahead, and the outlook of the entire winter is very bright. Schooner Captured. KINGSTON, Jamaica, Dec. 8. - The schooner Maggie was captured off Annott bay, Jamaica, with arms, ammunition and several prominent Cubans,

bound for Cuba, on board. The capture was made by the Jamaican government under the foreign enlistment act.

mander, who is now in Washington.

In Double Irons. NEWPORT, R. I., Dec. 8 .- Forty apprentice boys who escaped from the navel station here Saturday were tried yesterday and sentenced to 10 days in double irons. The cases of the two ringleaders were referred to the com-

Weather. Indiana - Generally fair; slightly warmer in northern portion. Ohio-Generally fair.

New Indiana Distillery. VINCENNES, Ind., Dec. 8.-The Interstate Distilling company has been organized here with \$500,000 capital stock,

and will erect a large distillery at once.

Illinois-Cloudy followed by fair

weather; warmer in northern portion.



Gladness Comes With a better understanding of the

transient nature of the many phys ical ills, which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant effortsrightly directed. There is comfort the knowledge, that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condi-tion of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, prompt-ly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the Cali

fornia Fig Syrup Co. only and sold by all reputable druggists.

If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, laxatives of other remedies are then not needed. It afficied with any actual discounter that the system is regular, laxatives of other remedies are then not needed. It other remedies are then not needed. It afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere. Syrue of Figs slands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.

From Your Sincere Friend, Wishing You a Merry Christmas.

A card like the above, attached to one of the many beautiful Christmas presents now being displayed at Cox's Pharmacy, would make the eyes of the happy recipient sparkle with delight. Pause before the pharmacy window and take a look at them.

AN EARLY SELECTION IS BEST.

Cox's Pharmacy.

Seymour, Ind.



At Our Window When Passing. \*\*\*\*

HOLIDAY GOODS!

IN LARGE VARIETY AT

J. G. LAUPUS,

JEWELERY STORE.

Diamonds, Gold Watches, Solid Silver Novelties, Jewelry

Give us a call. Our prices low. Will be pleased to show our goods. Remember, opposite the postoffice, 

## A GRAND DISPLAY

Christmas Goods

Albums, Books, Booklets, Bibles, Family and Teachers , Building Blocks' A B C Blocks, Dolls in endless variety from 1c to \$5.00, Doll Buggies, Boy's Wagons and into a strife which means nothing more Velocipedes, Hobby Horses, Shoefly Rockers, Gold Pens, life and the utter destruction of the Ladies Teilet Set, Handkerchief and Glove Boxes.

Toys! Toys! Toys!

(A MOST COMPLETE LINE.)

THOUSANDS OF OTHER ARTICLES SUITABLE FOR PRESENTS.

F.O. COX.

## Great Reduction

We must close out our

Ladies' and Children's CloaksCheap brevity, yet not without reaffirming our In order to make room for our large stock of Toys for Christmas. Note prices below:

	1 1 1 -11 linelrote	
	1 lot all wool jackets,	\$1.95
	1 lot all wool jackett	
	1 lot all wool cloaks	\$2.50.
	1 lot all wool cloaks	\$4.00
	1 lot cloaks worth \$5.50 for	
	1 1 1 1 - 1	\$6.00.
	1 lot cloaks worth \$10.00 for	\$4.75
	1 lot cloaks worth \$6.50 for	
	1 1 1	\$2.75.
	1 lot capes worth \$4.00 for	<b>Q</b> 5 75
	1 let cames worth \$7.50 for	
	7.7 to capes north \$0.00 for	\$7.00.
	1 lot capes worth \$9.00 for	<b>40.00</b>
	1 lot capes worth \$13.00 for	
	1 100 capes noted visco languing	
C	come early and secure these bargains.	- C- SDOT CASH

Sold only for SPOT CASH.

CHAS. R. HOFFMANN. 22 S. CHESTNUT ST.

## MILLER & WILHELM,

Insurance, Real Estate, Rental & Loan Agts-

Desirable Property for Sale or Rent. Call on us for bargains. Business promptly

Office in Opera House Block.

Seymour, Ind.

## READY FOR CHRISTMAS

The largest and most complete up to date stock of everything in the

Jewelry, Watches, Clocks, Silverware and

Optical Line. Don't buy a thing in the Jewelry Line till you

have looked through ou immense stock. No Trouble to Show Goods Engraving Free.

I am laying away Holiday Press ts daily. Everyrybody invited to call and see coods and learn

prices. Don't forget the place.

HARDING 110 West Second Street.

W. G. GEILE, Tailor.

Cleaning and repairing a specialty. New work at lowest prices.

Satisfaction Guaranteed.

Shop over Tabb's store, corner Chestnut and Tipton streets.

W. A. CARTER & SON. Headquarters for

All guns new and in first · class condition.

HUNTERS' SUPPLIES,

17 EAST SECOND ST.

Game on sale in sea- the subjects touched by the president

LOANS QUICKLY NEGOTIATED at 8 per cent. interest on first-class farms or city property, owing to amount. Money securely invested in 8 and 9 per cent bonds. Elegant building lots and much other valuable property for sale.

Post Office Building, Seymour, Ind. (Call in person or write.)

Daily Republican.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF SEYMOUR.

AY C. SMITH, Editors and Publishers

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 8, 1896.

TERMS OF EUBECRIPTION.

Year in advance ..

ricred at the Seymour, Indiana.P tames at second-class matter.

THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

All expectations of a startling mes. sage from President Cleveland have come to naught. It is largely a summary of affairs in the various departments with very little offered in the way of recommendations.

The chief interest centres in the part of the message referring to Cuba. The announcement is made for the first time officially that our government has proffered its good offices to Spain to bring about a peaceful setttlement of the trouble by offering in case Spain should grant auntonomy to Cuba under certain conditions to provide some kind of a guarantee that the conditions would be observed by the residents of the island. There is a direct warning to Spain in this sentence:

"When the inability of Spain to deal become manifest, and it is demonstrated that her sovereignty is extinct in Cuba for all purposes of its rightful existence, and when a hopeless struggle for its reestablishment has degenerated situation will be presented in which our obligations to the sovereignty of Spain will be superseded by higher obligations, which we can hardly hesi tate to recognize and discharge.

Unless the termination of the war comes speedily the intervention of this government may be expected, but our course of action must "depend upon West Second St the precise conditions then exist- needed and will prove a great conven-

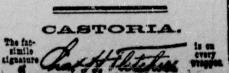
> Since Lord Salisbury got the "scoop" of the year on him in announcing the settlement of the Venezuelan dispute Mr. Cleveland dismisses the subject with great belief in the Monroe doctrine. The significant sentence is concerning the arbitration treaty with Great Britain in

which he says: Negotiations for a treaty of general arbitration for all differences between Great Britain and the United States are far advanced, and promise to reach a

There is somewhat a surprise in the carefully worded defense of the Wilson bill, a measure which only recently he vigorously denounced as a measure of perfidy and dishonor. He urges that the Wilson bill will provide sufficient revenue if let alone, but fails to note the pertinent fact that although the bill has been in operation more than two years there is still a deficit to report the right way. The general aims deat the close of every month and that fined in its proceedings so far are sound the Wilson bill itself is in large measure and practical. The work the business responsible for this deficit. No law which closes American factories throwment can be a success even as a revenue American people, curtailing their point is all on the supposition that the revenues from the Wilson tariff are seems puerile when we consider that during this administration bonds have been issued and \$36,000,000 more money has been borrowed than there is now surplus and gold reserve in the treasury. The idea that the government continue with a revenue law that fails to meet the expenditures of the government and that this deficit must be made up by renewed borrowing of money does not appeal very strongly to the common sense of the average

of the greenbacks from circulation and his discussion of the financial condition of the country will be read with interest

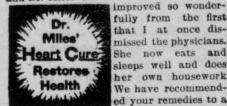
Guns for sale or rent in the light of the recent campaign. Other parts of the message will be read with interest because the people •Amunitionf rsale have been discussing with lively concern and in spite of his accustomed effort to befog his statements beneath a mass of



Neuralgia of the Heart

Vanquished by Dr. Miles' Remedies.

of Torrington, Conn. Suffered from just such a complication of diseases as the extensive experience and investigations of Dr. Miles have proven, result from impairment of the nervous system. Mr. Jas. B. Sidley writes Oct. 25, 1895: "My wife was taken sick with neuralgia of the heart, nervous exhaustion and liver trouble. Although attended by two physicians she grew worse, until she was at death's door. I then began giving her Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine and Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure, and she improved so wonderfully from the first



missed the physicians. She now eats and sleeps well and does her own housework We have recommended your remedies to a great many in our city, and every one has been very much benefited by them.

Dr. Miles' Remedies are sold by all druggists under a positive guarantee, first bottle benefits or money refunded. Book on Heart and Nerves sent free to all applicants. DR. MILES MEDICAL CO, Elkhart, Ind.

THE tin-horn has become too much of nuisance for the people of Indianapo lis therefore an ordinance has been successfully with the insurrection has passed to prohibit that means of ratify-

> HON, CHAS, W. FAIRBANKS is easily the first choice of his party in the state for United States senator. The legislature should make short work of his election when it meets.

THE latest reports from Cuba show Weyler is having more trouble than he ever anticipated. The American people do not sympathize with him in his

THE present city council has put down a large number of first class street crossings. These were very greatly ience to the people during this season

THE first number of the Hope Record comes to us a seven column folio iooking bright and fresh. It is published by Messrs. Leeds and Rosencrans, who have our best wishes for their suc-

THE fifty-fifth congress will have more than the usual number of party representations. There will be repub licans, democrats, populists, fusionists, successful consummation at an early and silverites occupying seats in the

> THE REPUBLICAN to-day publishes President Cleveland's last annual message to congress. It will be read with great interest by the people, even though the majority may not approve

The preliminary conference of business men at Indianapolis is going in men have undertaken is as vital to the permanent prosperity of the United ing American laborers out of employ- State as anything that has been done since the constitution was undertaken measure for it cuts off just to that ex- in the midst of the confusion following tent the purchasing power of the the war of independence. It is a large and difficult task. It will take time, ability to supply even the necessaries of and, while the work should be begun at life. His labored argument on this once, haste will do more harm than good. The very best course to pursue is to agree upon the general principles paying the expenses of the government. to be applied, and then to appoint a His argument concerning the surplus strong committee with power to call in all the aid it may require, to study the specific recommendations.—New York

Don't be persuaded into buying linments without reputation or merit-Chamberlain's Pain Balm costs no more and its merits have been proven by a test of many years. Such letters as the following, from L. G. Bagloy, Hueneme, Cal., are constantly being received: "The best remedy for pain I have ever used is Chamberlain's Pain Balm, and I say so after having used it in my family for several years." It cures rheumatism, The President urges the withd rawal lame back, sprains and swellings. For sale by C. W. Milhous, Druggist.

Advertised Letters.

The following is the list of letters re maining in the postoffice at this place and if not called for within 14 days will be sent to the dead letter office:

LADIES Isenberg Warren D Caris Miss Susie Luckey G. W Laime Lizzie Mackey Mrs Vina Norton Frank Howland CC Mize melinda A Howland Mr & Mrs Kay E G

GEO. E. PRICE, P. M. To Care a Cold . 1 ) as Daf

Take laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c. THE MESSAGE.

COME VIEWS EXPRESSED

What Some of the Senators and Repre-WASHINGTON, Dec. 8. - Comments on the message were generally favorable to the tenor of the message on Ouban question, though there were some opposing views expressed. A majority of the members of the senate

themselves from expressing opinions. Mr. Mitchell, (Rep.,) Ore.—The message seems to leave the Cuban situation as he finds it, refraining from any recommendation as to congressional ac-

committee on foreign relations excused

Mr. Pettigrew, (Rep. S. D.)-It is the first time in our history that an executive ever glorified, as Mr. Cleveland does in the first paragraph of this message, over the success at the polls of his

party's opponents.

Mr. Pugh (Dem., Ala.)—The message
is sound on Cuba, sound on the tariff and sound on trusts and monopolies. Mr. Nelson (Rep., Minn.)—It is a fair statement as regards Cuba.
Mr. Hitt of Illinois, chairman of the

house foreign relations committee, de-clined to express an opinion, as the sub-

clined to express an opinion, as the subject might come before his committee for consideration.

Mr. Heatwole (Rep., Minn.), member of the foreign affairs committee—The president evidently has been impressed with sentiment which has been voiced by the people of the country in regard to Cuba during the congressional recess.

Mr. Turner (Dem., Ga.)—said the message was a strong, sturdy document. message was a strong, sturdy document,

an appropriate farewell.
Mr. McMillen (Dem., Tenn.) member of the ways and means committee said -I agree with the president in seeing no immediate necessity or excuse for increase of tariff duties.

Mr. Cannon (Rep., Ills.) chairman of the committee on appropriations—The deficits since the beginning of Mr. Cleveland's present administration to Dec. 5, 1896, is \$178,646,000. This has been paid from proceeds of the sale of bonds. "This deficit was \$26,000,000 for the 12 months ending June 30, 1896; but for a little over five months from June 80 to Dec. 5, 1896, the deficit is more than \$40,000,000, which shows that the president's confidence that the present tariff law if allowed a fair opportunity will yield a sufficient revenue, is not well founded."

LONDON CHRONICLE.

Spain Couldn't Fight the United States

Twenty-Four Hours. London, Dec. 8 .- On the proposed Cuban settlement, speaking of Cleveland's message, the Chronicle says: "We believe the time has passed when the Ouban insurgents will accept any solution placing Spanish officials over them even nominally. There is no mistake, however, about the warning President Cleveland addressed to Spain, and Spanish statesmen should be aware that the Democratic government is far more pacific and conservative in its foreign policy than the coming Republican government is likely to be. Spain has to face a humiliating dilemma, but she could not fight the United States for 24 hours. Therefore she should sell Cuba quickly, but he would be no friend of the United States who would advise her to buy Cuba.'

How the English View the Message.

London, Dec. 8 .- All the newspapers this morning had editorials on President Cleveland's message. Most of them regard the message as one of rather minor importance, except so far as it concerns the Cuban question, to which phase the bulk of the comment is devoted.

Kicked by a Borse.

AURORA, Ills., Dec. 8 .- Ohran Rob bins of Plano, a well known horse dealer, was kicked in the forehead by a horse at Kimball's liverystables, receiving in-juries that will prove fatal. The injury s what the surgeons term depressed fracture, and caused the brains to ooze out over the man's forehead in a fright-

ful manner. Hog Leprosy Prevalent. DELEVAN, Ills., Dec. 8 .- Sixty hogs

brick building in Delevan, Ills. Loss, \$10,000; partially insured.

The First Congregational church at Marietta, O., is celebrating its 100th anni-Rev. W. L. Rutherford has resigned the

pastorate of the Baptist church at Mentone, Ind., and will accept a call to Gal-Burglars looted the general store o Robert Thompson at Zaleski, O., carrying off groceries, boots, shoes, clothing and

John L. Bushnell, son of Governor Bushnell of Ohio, who recently married is lying dangerously ill at his home in Springfield, O.

W. W. Lowis, editor of the Greenville

(Ills.) Advocate, has been appointed private secretary to Lieutenant Governor

M. M. Gray, alias Gordon, purporting to be a wealthy horseman, after two weeks' sojourn at the Hotel Morton, Hammond, Ind., quietly disappeared.

Some unknown person entered the residence of Simon Pate, a farmer near Sunman, Ind., and clubbed Mr. and Mrs. Pate almost into insensibility.

The W. C. T. U. of Noble county, Ind., is actively circulating a petition to be pre-sented to the legislature for the prohibi-

tion of the sale of cigarettes. Walter Savage has been arrested at Bast St. Louis, Ills., charged with striking John Kuff, a farmer near there, over the head with a fencerail with intent to kill.

Mrs. H. H. Turner of Carbon, Ind., who was an occurant of the insane asylum at Indianapolis some years ago, has again been pronounced insane. She is 80 years

Professor Campbell, of the department of physics in Wabash college, Crawfords-ville, Ind., will represent Indiana at the ninth annual irrigation congress, which meets at Phenix, A. T., during the holi-Benjamin F. Dragoo Dezu. PARKER CITY, Ind., Dec. 8.—Benjamin F. Dragoo, the leading member of

the firm of Dragoo & Son of this city. and president of the Parker Natural Gas company is dead of typhoid fever. The deceased was 63 years old. ROCKFORD, Ills., Dec. 8. - D. W Shoudy, a local attorney, attempted to

BACKACHE BED RHAUMATISM POLICE

**BUTTONS!** 

AN ELEGANT BUTTON FREE with each package of



AN OPPORTUNITY TO MAKE

A COLLECTION OF BUTTONS

WITHOUT COST.

Conractors and Builders.

And Manufacturers, and Dealers in umber. Sash, Doors, Blinds

Estimates and Plans furnished Exing street, between Third and Fourth.

FIGHT WITH THIEVES.

Ottisens of Adams County Have an Ha-

DECATUR. Ind., Dec. 8 .- A desperate county. For the past few weeks numerous robberies have occured in the vieinity of Berne and hundreds of dollars worth of valuables, money and meats have been stolen. Citizens were lying in wait for the thieves and early in the morning 15 men were seen to approach a store and begin their work. The alarm was given and a posse was soon on to them. The thieves began shooting and a battle was on. A number of citizens gave chase, attempting to surhave died within a few days on the farm of Gilman Bailey, it is believed, from the hog leprosy. Many others of the immense droves on the place are affected.

TRI-STATE NOTES.

Fire destroyed Phillips' hall, the oldest Posses, headed by officers, are giving chase. round them in the woods, but the rob-

DOUBLE MURDER.

George Deacon Kills His Aged Wife and PLYMOUTH, Ind., Dec. 8 .- Neighbors vesterday made a terrible discovery at the farmhouse of George Deacon, southeast of this city. There they found Mrs. George Deacon, 69 years old, lying dead on a bed. Her face had been pounded into a jelly with a large stove poker. It was surmised that the murderer was Mr. Deacon, and a search for the old man finally resulted in finding his dead body in a wateringtrough. Mr. Deacon was known to be demented, world's progress; it follows with care all and it is thought that in one of his paroxysms he killed his wife and then

Highwaymen Shot.

were pioneers of this section.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Ia., Dec. 8. - Two highwaymen attempted to hold up the agent of the Milwaukee road at Fairfax last night, when the agent opened fire, instantly killing one of the men and wounding the other. The injured robber has not been captured.

VINCENNES, Ind., Dec. 8.—The Interstate Distilling company has been organized here with \$500,000 capital stock, and will erect a large distillery at once.

"The worst cold I ever had in my life Remedy," writes W. H. Norton, of Sutter Creek, Cal. "This cold left me with dollars a year in advance, or less than a a cough and I was expectorating all the cent a day. time. The remedy cured me, and I want all my friends when troubled with trated prospectus to The Outlook, 13 a cough or cold to use it, for it will do Astor Place, New York City. m good." Sold by C W. Milhous.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve

The best salve in the world for Cuts Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheun Fever sores, Tetter, Chapped hands, Chilbian, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per bottle. For sale by W. F. Peter. commit suicide by taking laudanum. His recovery is doubtful.

Dr. Miles' Pain Pills cure Neuralgia,

AND OTHER BUILDING MATERIAL,

How to Prevent Pneumonia

At this time of the year a cold is very easily contracted, and if left to run its course without the aid of some reliable cough medicine is liable to result in fight between officers and a gang of that dread disease, pneumonia. We thieves occurred yesterday at Berne this know of no better remedy to cure a cough or cold than Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. We have used it quite extensively and it has always given

entire satisfaction.-Olagah, Ind. Ter.

This is the only remedy that is known to be a certain preventive of pneumo nia. Among the many thousands who have used it for colds and la grippe, we have never yet learned of a single case having resulted in pneumonia. Persons who have weak lungs or have reason to fear an attack of pneumonia, should keep the remedy at hand. The 25 and 50 cent sizes are for sale by C. W. Mil-

hous, Druggist. CASTORIA. Weekly The Monthly

Outlook,

Published every Saturday. 13 Astor Plage New York

The Outlook will be in 1897, as it has been during each of its twenty-seven years, a history of Our Own Times. In its various editorial departments. The Outlook gives a compact review of the the important philanthropic and industrial movemets of the day; has a com drowned himself. He was 75 years old plete department of religious news; and well-to-do. They lived alone and devotes much space to the interests of the home; reviews current literature; furnishes cheerful table talk about men and things; and, in short, aims to give fresh information, original observation, and reasonable entertainment.

Beginning with the fifty-fifth volume, he paper will assume the regular magazine size, which will add greatly to its convenience and attractiveness. The Outlook is published every Saturdayfifty-two issues a year. The first issue in each month is an illustrated magaine number, containing about twice as "The worst cold I ever had in my life many pages as the ordinary issues, to-was cured by Chamberlain's Cough gether with a large number of pictures The price of The Outlook is three

Send for a specimen copy and illus-

Post Office BARBER SHOP,

St. Louis Avenue, WILL DRISCOLL, Proprietor, Assisted by ELMER JO'ANSON, one of the best artists in the city, selicits your patronage, No patron gets out of our hair with a slighted job of work,

Wright's Celery Tea cures constipa-tion, sick headaches. 25c at druggists.

OUR STOCK OF

## Fine China and Glass,

Dinner Sets, Toilet Sets, Banquet, Vase and Hanging Lamps, is now complete and ready for inspection.

Second St.

## BECKMAN &

Miss Jennie Matthews returned last

Dr. Wm. F. Nolting, of Brooklyn, N

Charles Bush and wife began house-

William H. Willman went this morn-

Mrs. M. H. Brock, of near Elnora,

came here last evening to visit friends.

Mrs. Jack McLaughlin, of Covington,

Mrs. C. C. Kelso went last evening to

H. B. Guthrie, of Anderson, and

Clarence Blythe is home from Indian-

Mrs. Theodore Haufe, of Indian-

Miss Victoria Eckstein, of Loogootee,

came here last evening to visit her

Jefferson McQuillan, of Lexington.

aster a visit to her aunt, Mrs. Martin

McCamment, returned home yesterday.

Mrs. Carrie Brown, of Louisville,

S. P. Massman, of Ft. Wayne, d. U.

Cummings, of Indianapolis, H. B. Dale

and L. W. Cloud and wife, of Louisville

Thomas Carr, of Medora, came here to

attend the funeral of Jacob M. Ruddick

Mrs. J. H. Williams and Mrs. Fred

Moehler, after a visit to their sister-in-

law, Mrs. Harmon Goerbrohmoler re-

turned home last night to Farmers

Don't fail to see the bargains in dia-

After hearing some friends continu-

ally praising Chamberlain's Colic, Chol

era and Diarrrhoea Remedy, Curtis

Fleck, of Anaheim; California, pur-

chased a bottle for his own use and is

now as enthusiastic over its wonderful

work as anyone can be. The 25 and 50

cent sizes for sale by C. W. Milhous,

RAILROAD RUMBLINGS

was in the city to-day on business.

C. C. Murray, J., M. & I. claim agent

Fireman M. A. Stubblefield, of the B

G. W. Indus, of the Illinois Central

Americus Donnels' engine having

Robert Strowd, of the B. & O. water

Charles Murphy has charge of Rol

Conductor Samuel Elswick, of the B

& O., and wife, of Washington, went this

morning to Cincinnati to testify at the

an Harry Flomerfelt's local freight run

the latter laying off as a witness in the

Baggeman W. O. Cole, of the E. & T.

H., and wife came here Monday from

Evansville to visit his brother, Grant

Engineer Daniel Lester, secretary

and treasurer of the B. of L. E., has

\$1.500, the amount for which her late

and J. W. Cole and families.

W. D. Brown went out this morning

Emery's local freight engine. The lat

supply, was in the city Monday on busi-

ness in his line.

ter is indisposed.

Gates' trial to-morrow.

husband was insured.

Line, and wife were in the city this

been overhauled is now pulling passen-

Retreat accompanied by the latter.

monds at S. V. Harding's.

aunt, Mrs. Jack Cassin, and family.

apolis, is the guest of her sister, Mrs

James K. Price, of Akron, O,, were in

Hayden to visit her father, J. L. Ken-

Ky., is the guest of her sister, Miss

Y., is here visiting his sick father.

keeping in the home of his mother.

ing to Dillsboro to visit his parents.

Ill., is in the city.

Kate Horan.

and relatives.

drick and family.

the city last night.

friends and relatives.

Mary Doran and family.

grandpa, Michael Youtsey.

George Binder, and family.

apolis.

Mrs. Susan Hollar.

father of the former.

cinnati, are in the city to day.

night to Indianapolis.

### GOLDSTEIN. The Famous Specialist of Chi-

cago, III., Guarantees to Cure Every

Case Taken or Money Refunded

Free Consultation and Examination in His Private Parlors at the New Lyan Hotel,

THURSDAY, FRIDAY AND SATUR-DAY, DEC, 10, 11 and 12.

He is recognized as the leading specialist in the state. The Doctor is a regular graduate from the leading colleges in the United States. He has made a special study of the diseases he treats in the largest and best hospitals in the country several years and recognizes no superior in diagnosing and treating chronic diseases of both sexes, and guarantees to cure every case taken.

He positively cures chronic catarrh, ringing in the ears and deafness. Diseases of the eye, ear, nose, throat and lungs, and kidneys, urinary and biadder troubles, Bright's disease, diabetes, dyspepsia and constipation, rheumatism and paralysis. EPILEPSY OF FITS SUCCESSFULLY

TREATED.

Young and middle aged men suffering from nervous or physical debility, a positive guarantee to cure or money refunded. BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASE

As scrofula. Stricture cured by never failing

Diseases of women, leucorrhoca and old dis-rders of menstrual periods relieved in a

short time.

The Doctor carries all his portable instruments and comes prepared to examine the most obscure medical and surgical cases.

He undertakes no incurable cases, but cures many that are considered hopeless.

Examination and consultation free, private and confidential,

Correspondence solicited.

d&wiw



### **NEVER EQUALLED.**

Goods Must go Price or Mrs. Samuel Cole, of Surprise, are here no Price.

Our large assortment of WATCHES.

CLOCKS,

SILVERWARE and JEWELRY

Are being turned over to the peopl some at wholesale and some for less Come at once and get choice of a large

Clocks sold on 50 cents a week pay ments. Best repairing done at lowes

### E. M. YOUNG.

124 South Chestnut Street, Seymour

### DAILY REPUBLICAN

Mincemest, buckwheat, maple syrup The Model.

Celery, cabbage, cream cheese, Han-

cock's.

The best place on earth to buy holi day goods is at S. V. Harding's.

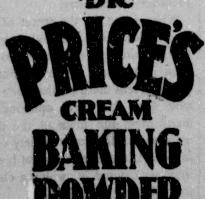
Everybody is invited to call at S. V Harding's mammoth jewelry store and learn the latest bottom prices.

Perambulate past Cox's pharmacy, pause before the plate-glass window and peep in at the presents. It will pay.

Those who wish goods or clothing of any kind dyed should call on George L. & O., is here from Washington seeing Attkisson, who fully understands his the boys. business and guarantees his work.

W. J. Dixon and brother, H. G. Dixon, of Ft. Ritner, went to Cincinnati last evening and took charge of the remains of their brother, Homer H., and took them last night to Ft. Ritner, where they were buried at 2 o'clock this af-

Awarded Highest Honors-World's Fair. ·DR



MOST PERFECT MADE. A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant. 40 Yours the Standard,

The wreck on the B. & O. S. W. near Storrs early yesterday morning is probably more awful than was at first thought

The B. & O. S. W. Wreck.

Three men were killed and sixteen injured. The injuries of some of these are quite serious and may prove fatal. It is not believed that engineer Tom Jones, pulling 22, can recover. Trainmaster Mills of this city, was on the officers' "special" but was not hurt other than some bruises. Brakeman Chas. Chapman, of this city, was also with the "speciai" and was right badly hurt. His left eye was badly lacerated and his body bruised.

Just who was at fault is not definetely B. E. Hollingsworth, of Rock Island, known, but it is believed by many that Conductor Ellswick and Engineer Price either disobeyed or misunderstood ororders. The conductor's statement is awaited with much anxiety.

#### AFFLICTED.

The condition of J. H. Nolting is unchanged to-day.

Mrs. Stephen Ditchler, of Cortland, is still dangerously sick.

C. J. Leidorf continues to improve

Were Wright, after a visit here to but he is still quite weak. friends, returned last night to Colum-George Loertz was taken quite sick vesterday with his old trouble.

> Fireman Edward McCann is seriousy indisdosed with catarrhal trouble.

Mrs. J. W. Holmes, of Cortland, con-Mrs. L. H. Dingley, of Greensburg, tinues to improve, but she is unable to came here this morning to visit friends

Miss Minnie Stader is much better and resumed her position in the store this morning. W. W. Lyous, the baking powder

man, cut his right hand last evening with a piece of broken bottle. The wound bled profusely.

Mrs. L. H. Minter, of Jefferson City, Frank Doane was kicked in the breast Mo, came here last evening to visit by one of his horses last night and was badly hurt. It is thought that no bones Mrs. J. H. Wooddell went last evenwere broken. He is resting easier toing to Holton to visit her mother, Mrs.

#### CHURCH NOTES.

apolis on account of the sickness of his Presiding Elder E. A. Campbell and Rev. W. J. Stewart having concluded quarterly meeting at Azalia and Columbus came here and the former returned home to Moores Hill this morning.

#### Football Casualties

During the past season 125 football layers were more or less hurt while doing service on 'tne "gridison." Four deaths resulted from injuries re eived. The record shows the game to be more after a pleasant visit to Seymour be. The rules should be changed to friends, went this morning to Indianmake the game less barbarous or else prohibited altogether. POLITICAL BREVITIES.

Col. John R. Fellows, district attorney of New York, and ex-congressman, died at his home in New York yester-

Mrs. Louis Propp, of Chicago and Donald McCallum, presidential electo attend the funeral of their mother tor of the Fourth district, received more yotes than any other one on the elec-Lincoln Ruddick, of Kansas, and

toral ticket in Indiana.

Mrs. Mot Weekly, who has been a Silas Patton, of New York, A. P. terrible sufferer with stomach trouble, Euler, of Indianapolis, A. J. Thomas, died at fifteen minutes of twelve o'clock of Quigna, O., and Louis Krusee, of Cin-Tuesday morning, December 8, 1896, aged some forty-eight years. She was a womanly woman and respected by all. Clark, Thomas, Virgil and Arthur A husband and several children survive, Dixon, of Ft. Ritner, came here and ac who have the tender sympathy of all. companied the remains of their cousin, H. H. Dixon, to his home, on No. 9 last

### COURT NOTES.

The suit of Ritz against Schill, of Crothersville, on replevin was withdrawn yesterday. J. M. Lewis, Jr., of this city, represented the defendent.

#### The Modern Mother

Has found that her little ones are im proved more by the pleasant Syrup of Figs, when in need of the laxative effect of a gentle remedy than by any other, and that it is more acceptable to them. Children enjoy it and it benefits them. The true remedy, Syrup of Figs, is manufactured by the California Fig] Syrup Company only.

Frank Mullen. of Sparksville, William Goecker and Elisha Grimes, of Crothersville, August Goecker, of Dudleytown, Mullen & Lehan, Ford & Cassin; Vogel Broz, and George Schwab, of Seymour, were granted liquor licenses yes terday for one year.

ANDY SCHAFFER AND JACOB SCHUCK

Celery Capules. MARTINSVILLE, IND., May 28, 1896 To the Wright Medical Co., Columbus

GENTS-I have purchased a box of Wright's Celery Capsules from W. B

Tarleton, druggist, and used them for Sunday. indigestion, stomach trouble and con- Mr. an stipation. I have been greatly benefitted, in fact almost cured with one box. It is the best medicine without exception that I have used for my trou-Yours very truly,

ANDY SCHAFFER. MARTINSVILLE, IND., May 18, 1896. To the Wright Medical Co., Columbus,

GENTS-I have purchased a box o Wright's Celery Capsules from W. B. Tarleton, druggist, and used them for ndigestion and constipation. I was greatly benefitted by using them and would not be without them.

Very truly yours, Sold by A. J. Pellens, druggist.

To Cure a Cold in One Day paid Mrs. Henry Wheeler the sum of Take laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets

#### RUSINESS NOTES.

ast this morning.

Jerry Anderson made a business trip

W. P. Masters went this morning to Osgood on business. George H. Meyers went this morning

The wheat continues to grow rapidly and is very rank and green.

to Osgood on business.

Jno William made a business trip to North Vernon this morning. William Humes went to Paris Cross-

ing this morning on business. Some large and fat cattle were delivered in the city to-day to oar dealers. Gus Cordes and J. W. Massman went this morning to Cincinnati on business.

The Dr. A. J. Pellens business house was completed to-day. It will soon be occupied. A. J. Fortman and G. W. Gompers, of

Louisville, were business visitors in the city to-day. A large amount of white oak logs

came in from the west for the Band Saw Works. J. W. Holmes, of Cortland, left this morning for Frankfort to attend the

State Grange. Andy Rinehart Monday began the erection of a four room cottage on Fifth

street for O. S. Guernsey. Smith Sayers, Preston Rider and W. H. Thomas came up this morning from Crothersyille on business.

The Seymour Furniture Factory has closed down for awhile on account of having an overstock of fine goods on

Charles Kirkhoff, of White Creek, is delivering a big lot of fine poplar and walnut lumber to the Seymour Furniture Factory. Two thousand rabbits were brought

here last evening by way of the E. & R. and shipped to Cincinnati by way of the B. & O. E. C. Becht yesterday moved his

Candy Factory in the property lately occupied by Frank Lounsbury as a carpenter shop. Joseph Ryan, of Stouts Mill, brought 700 pounds of buckwheat flour of his

own raising and manufacture, here Monday and sold it readily. The Blish Milling company last week shipped two thousand barrels of their fine patent flour for export. They will

ship about the same amount this week. James Gahn came here from Columbus to rent property into which to move his family. He will erect a handsome residence for himself soon after getting

Henry Bowman, of Langdon, having dangerous sport than any sport should completed his stave and heading factory recently destroyed by fire put the entire plant in operation yesterday.

> To-day is greatly in contrast with the past few days, which were beautiful and pleasant. This morning rain set in and fell nearly all day incessantly, putting a stop to outdoor work.

#### Chaplain Wood to Retire,

C. E. Wood, chaplain of the Prison South has been notified that his services will not be needed after January 1st, as he is to be superseded by another man. There are conflicting reports as to the cause of his resignation being called for. From the statement made by Secretary Bicknell, of the State Board of Charities it seems that Wood was not regarded as just the man to take charge of the night school

If the party who took the overgaiters from [Wente's store Tyesterday will return the same no questions will be asked. Otherwise the matter will be investigated.

Leon and Fred Fehring and L. Y. Brandt went to Seymour this morning in a buggy and will return to-morrow with a dog, preparatory to take a hunt. -Columbus Herald.

Leininger & Reynolds are arranging to put in a number of new telephones in the city within the next few days. An instrument will be put in each of the public school buildings which will prove a great convenience to Supt. Montgomery and his assistants.

rocts. rocts. rocts. Will buy a solid silver thimble at S. V. Harding. Engraved free.

#### HONEYTOWN.

Rev. Tone preached to the M. E. brethren here Sunday.

Fred Rust, of Seymour, formerly of this place, spent Friday night here.

arrangements are being made for a Christmas tree at both churches here. James Wayman and wife, of Ewing, visited the mother of the former over

Mr. and Mrs. Sweany, of Columbus, are visiting in the family of Nelse George Holman has moved into the

house lately vacated by Nate Van The chicken pox is an epidemic in

the Newkirk school. None are seriously afflicted. Corn gathering season is about over and the boys are mostly enjoying the

hunting season. Frank Dowden and wife, of Pleasant Valley, were visiting at George Robertgon's over Sunday.

Nathanie! VanCleave has moved his

place of residence from here to a place formerly occupied by his brother, Pres. The young people of Honeytown attended farmers' institute last week at All druggists refund the money if it fail Brownstown and report a profitable

# With the Crowds

Christmas

Come while the stocks are full and you will have a chance at all of the many Novelties which can be found at no other store.

We urge our frinds and customers to profit by past experience in Holiday buying and not wait for discomfort and disappointment in the last mad rush. We have plenty of room and will be glad to store away articles bought now and deliver them later on. To mention the numerous presents we have for Ladies, Gentlemen, Children and Infants would be impossible. See our window display and come in and look ar und and see our

Great Holiday Department.

RESPECTFULLY.

The Silver Wedding

Of George Binder and wife was last night celebrated in royal style. Over fifty friends and neighbors were present and assisted in the pleasant event, A sumptuous supper was served by Mrs. Binder and her daughter, Olga, assisted by other ladies. These good people were made the recipients of many valuable and useful presents, some of which came from Germany. Mr. and Mrs. Binder were married twenty-five years ago in New York and came to Seymour three years later, where they have since resided. They are among our most esteemed people. May the remainder of their useful life be as pleasant as in the past.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, | 88. LUCAS COUNTY.

Frank J. Cheney mades oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the city of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh FRANK J. CHENEY. Sworn to before me and subscribed in

my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886. A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public. SEAL

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system.

Send for testimonials, free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

\$8.50

Will buy a ladies' gold filled watch at Harding's.

### PLEASANT VALLEY.

Miss Myrtle Garris was on the sick ist a few days last week. The little child of Charley Anderson

again improying in health. Miss Emma Heller was the guest of Emma Garris over Sunday.

Miss Nan Bultman was the guest of Miss Massie Hayes last Sunday. Mr. Anderson and son, Sam, went to crowd is expected.

Freetown one day last week on busi-

Sam 'Hunsucker and daughters, of

Vallonia, were visiting Mrs. Sallie Richards last Sunday. Mrs. Effie Miller, who for sometime

living with her mother here. Pete Sensback, the Singer sewing machine agent of Seymour, was seen driv-

has been staying at Vallonia, is again

ing through our vicinity last week. Miss Ora Ramp is again staying in the family of John Lucas. We are all glad to have her back in our neighbor-

Missês Emma and Theresa Pferrer visited their uncle, Joe Hess, who for some time has been helpless with a stroke of paralysis and is no better.

After Cigarrette Smokers. Many of the W. C. T. U. organizations

of the state are agitating a law to prohibit the manufacture and sale of cigarrettes in the state. They are organizing a lobby to work with our lawmakers in behalf of a bill they are pre-

The grand attraction of our city is now at S. V. Harding's. He has the finest and much the largest stock, and sells the cheapest of any house in the city. Money can be saved by calling at Harding's and don't you forget it.

Dr. Miles' Pain Pills stop Headache

### Not Exactly Given Away BUT YET WE ARE SELLING OUR

ristmas Goods :-At such close Figures that you can afford to

buy them, HANDSOME TOILET CASES FROM 65c. UP.

No Trouble to Show you Goods.

IMPORTANT:

Remember that we make a specialty of prescription work. All formulas and family receipts carefully compounded.

> SUCCESSOR TO J. H. Andrews & Co.

> > Starr Brothers shipped a car load of

Miss Pearl Barnett, of Medora, is vis-

David Green, sr., went to Tunnelton

Saturday afternoon prayer meeting

Louis Newkirk and his mother were

Our principal street, the gravel road,

was held at the home of John Stewart.

guests of Wm. Dixon, of Reed, Sunday.

is receiving some needed improvement.

for over three months with typhoid

fever, is able to be out again.

parents.

two weeks.

Miss Ada Ribelin, who has been sick

Mrs. James Bennett is at the bedside

The use of simple disinfectants, such

as carbolic acid and burnt sulphur, may

save you from having that dreaded dis

ease, diphtheria in your homes. Try it

J. R. Kent and J. W. Croucher were

in our village Saturday. They report

that on account of the diphtheria the

schools of the township are closed for

Virgil Dixon, of Fort Ritner, was in

our town Monday. Virgil knows how

to entertain the boys [and is always in

our midst. "Virgie" can always give you

the latest in Bill Nye and Josh Billings

Your Boy Won't Live a Month.

So Mr. Gilman Brown, of 34 Mill St ...

South Gardner, Mo., was told by the

doctors. His son had lung trouble, fol-

lowing Typhoid Malaria, and he spent

three hundred and seventy-five dollars

with doctors, who nearly gave him up

He tried Dr. King's New Discovery and

a few bottles restored him to health and

enabled him to go to work a perfectly

well man. He says he owes his present

good health to the use of Dr. King's

New Discovery, and knows it to be the

best in the world for Lung trouble.

Trial bottles free at Wm. F. Peter's, suc-

saying: "Your boy won't live a month."

of her daughter, Miss Tom Lockwood,

who is very low with typhoid fever.

iting relatives here.

Saturday, on business.

where. Send for our booklet "Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away," written a free sample. Address THE STEXLING REMED X CO., Chicago or New York Sold and guarante by W. F. Peter, successor to J. H. Andrews & Co.

CLEAR SPRING.

D. H. George is on the sick list. Ed Deal and wife, of Kurtz, were on hogs last week, our streets Sunday

John T. Deal, who has been ill for some time, is thought to be some better. J. L. Hinkle has not been running saw mill for some time but will begin this week.

George Botorff who was in a very critical condition for a while, is much better and it is hoped he will recover. "Jack" Ulmer's corn-husker and foddef shredder passed through here last Wednesday on its way to Thos. Foun-

There will be a masquerade birthday party given here next Saturday night. Proceeds to go to Y. P. R. C. A large

Isaac Coe, while feeding Ulmer's cornhusking machine Friday, accidentally Mrs. John Lucas and son, Garry, caught his hand in the cylinder. The visited their many friends at Freetown engine was stopped immediately but his hand was badly mangled.

Hog cholera has taken another out-The Methodists are holding pro-

tracted meeting. Hiram Taylor and wife were the guests of Mrs. Lorance Sunday.

Mr. Lorance has recovered from his fall having lost the use of two fingers, The long-dreaded, short, rugged slopes of Nigger hill are being leveled down very rapid ly William Lorance has east his lot with

the rest of the bachelors and is learning the feminine art of cooking. Money to Loan and 63 aere farm for

J. BALSLEY. tf Beautiful new style clocks at Hard-

For Sale

80 and 50 acre farms. Good sand

land, one mile from city

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

cessor to J. H. Andrews & Co's drug

CASTORIA

ANNUAL MESSAGE TO CONGRESS.

Executive's Views on the Various Subjects Which Are Before the People of the Country.

RETIREMENT OF THE GREENBACKS

In Pointed Out as the Remedy to Straighten Out the Financial Question-The Venezuela Boundary Question Has Now Ceased To Be a Matter of Difference Between This Country and Great Britain-The Wilson Tariff Bill Favored by the President - Other Subjects of Interest

Washington, Dec. 7.-Following is the final message of President Cleveland to congress:

To the Congress of the United States: As representatives of the people in the legislative branch of their government you have assembled at a time when the strength and excellence of our free institutions and the fitness of our citizens to enjoy popular rule have been test involving momentous consequences fraught with feverish apprehension, and creating aggressiveness so intense as to approach bitterness and passion been waged throughout our land and determined by the decree of free and independent suffrage without disturbance of our tranquillity or the least sign of weakness in our national struct-When we consider these incidents and contemplate the peaceful obedience and manly submission which have suc ceeded a heated clash of political opinions we discover abundant evidence of a determination on the part of our countrymen to abide by every verdice of the popular will, and to be controlle at all times by an abiding faith in the agencies established. Thus our people exhibit a patriotic disposition entitles them to demand of those who undertake to make and execute their laws such faithful and unselfish service in their behalf as can only be prompt ed by a serious appreciation trust and confidence which the accept ance of public duty invites

Refers to the Unspeakable Turk. The president then says that in obedience to constitutional requirement he submits certain information as to national affairs with such suggestions as his judgment approves, and that he shall omit details regarding domesti and foreign matters that are contained in departmental and other reports sub-mitted to congress. He then refers to Turkey and the Armenians, stating that he would like to assure congress that the European powers having treaty rights to interfere had mitigated the shocking features of the situation. This he says has not been done and that reports of bloody butcheries are still all too frequent. With refer ence to our own action he says we have left nothing undone to protect those coming under our care, and that our efforts will not be relaxed.

The claim of American citizens for indemnity for loss of property will be pressed, although the validity of these demands has not been admitted by Turkey, in spite of the strongest evi dence of the actual complicity of Turk-ish soldiers in the destruction. Happily no American life has been taken. He closes as follows on the subject:

I do not believe that the present somber prospect in Turkey will be long permitted to offend the sight of Christendom. It so mars the humane and enlightened civilization that belongs to the close of the nineteenth century that it seems hardly possible that the earnest demand of good pe ople throughou the Christian world for its corrective

#### TACKLES THE CUBAN QUESTION.

Not Much Comfort for the Followers of Maceo and Gomez.

The president then takes up the Cuban question, and says: The insurrection in Cuba still con tinues with all its perplexities. It is difficult to see that any progress has thus far been made towards the pacification of the island or that the situation of affairs as depicted in my last annual message has in the least improved. If Spain still holds Havana and the seaports and all the considerable towns, the insurgents still roam at land country. If the determination of Spain to put down the insurrection seems but to strengthen with the lapse of time, and isevinced by her unhestof time, and is evinced by her unhesi-military and naval forces to the task, the insurgents have gained in point of numbers and character and resources, and are none the less inflexible in their resolve not to succumb without prac tically securing the great objects for

which they took up arms.

If Spain has not yet re-established her authority, neither have the insurgents yet made good their title to be regarded as an independent state. In-deed, as the contest has gone on the pretense that civil government exists on the island, except so far as Spain is able to maintain it, has been prac-tically abandoned. Spain does keep on foot such a government, more or less imperfectly, in the large towns and their immediate suburbs. But that exception being made, the entire country either given over to anarchy or i subject to the military occupation of one or the other party. It is reported, indeed, on reliable authority that at the demand of the commander-in-chief of the insurgent army the putative Cuban government has now given up all attempt to exercise its functions, leaving that government confessedly posing it always to have been, in fact, government merely on paper. Were Spanish armies able to meet their antagonists in the open or pitched battle prompt and decisive results might be looked for, and the immense superiority of the Spanish forces in numbers ripline and equipments could hardly fail to tell greatly to their advantage.

But they are called upon to face a foe that shuns general engagements, that can choose and does choose its own ground, that from the nature of the country is visible or invisible at pleasure, and that fights only from ambuscade, and when all the advantage of position and numbers are on its side. a country where all that is indis-nsable to life in the way of food, clothing and shelter is so easily ob tainable, especially by those born and bred on the soil, it is obvious that there is hardly a limit to the time during which hostilities of this sort may be prolonged. Meanwhile, as in all cases of protracted civil strife, the passions of the combatants grow more and more inflamed and excesses on both sides become more frequent and more deplora-

They are also participated in by bands of marauders who, now in the name of one party and now in the name of the other, as may best suit and plunder its wretched inhabitants

for their own advantage. Such a condition of things would inevitably entail immense destruction of property, even if it was the policy of both parties to prevent it as far as practicable. But while such seemed to be the original policy of the Spanish government it has now apparently abandoned it, and insurgents, namely: that the exigencies of the contest require the wholesale annihilation of property that it may not prove of use and advantage of the

to our money interest in Cuba, esti-mated at from \$30,000,000 to \$50,000,000; also to the difficulty and cost of pre-

sympathies all with the rebels, together with the continual appeals for the pro-tection by the United States of Cuban-Americans. He says that the United States has been very forbearing in the matter, and that no other nation would have stood off so long. He continues as

It was at first proposed that beligerent rights should be accorded to the insurgents—a proposition no longer urged because untimely and in practical operation clearly perilous and injurious to our own interests. It has since been and is now sometimes contended that the independence of the insurgents should be recognized. But imperfect and restricted as the Spanish govern-ment on the island may be no other ment on the island may be no other exists there—unless the will of the military officer in temporary command of a particular district can be dignified as a species of government. It is now also suggested that the United States should buy the island-a suggestion possibly worthy of consideration if there were any evidence of a desire or willingness on the part of Spain to entertain such a proposal. It is urged finally, that all other metods failing, the existing inter-necine strife in Cuba should be terminated by our intervention, even at the cost of a war between the United States and Spain-a war which its advocates confidently prophesy could be

neither large in its proportions nor doubtful in its issue.

The correctness of this forecast need be neither affirmed nor denied. The United States has nevertheless a character to maintain as a nation, plainly dictates that right and not might should be the rule of its con-

Proceeding the president refers to the determination of Spain to insist that the rebels shall lay down their arms before she grants the reforms which he gives her credit for being willing to grant, and thinks that determination not reasonable and adds:

It was intimated by this government to the government of Spain some months ago that if a satisfactory measure of home rule were tendered the Cu ban insurgents and would be accepted by them upon a guaranty of its execu-tion, the United States would endeavor to find a way not objectionable to Spain of furnishing such guaranty. While no definite response to this intimation has yet been received from the Spanish government, it is believed to be not altogether unwelcome, while no reason is perceived why it should not be approved by the insurgents. \* \* \*

Whatever circumstances may arise our policy and our interests would constrain us to object to the acquisition of the island or the interference with its control by any other power. It should be added that it cannot be reasonably assumed that the hit erto expectant attitude of the Unite dates will be indefinitely maintained \* \* \* When the inability of Spain to deal success fully with the insurrection has become manifest, and it is demonstrated that her sovereignty is extinct in Cuba for all purposes of its rightful existence, and when a hopeless struggle for its re-establishment has degenerated into a strife which means nothing more than the useless sacrifice of life and the utter destruction of the very subject matter of the conflict, a situation will be presented in which our obligations to the sovereignty of Spain will be su-perseded by higher obligations, which we can hardly hesitate to recognize and discharge.

Deferring the choice of ways and

methods until the time for action arrives, we should make them depend upon the precise conditions then existng; and they should not be determined upon without giving careful heed to every consideration involving our honor and interest, or the internaional duty we owe to Spain. Until we face the contingencies suggested, or the situation is by other incidents imperatively changed, we should continue n the line of conduct heretofore purued, thus in all circumstances exhib ting our obedience to the requirements of public law and our regard for the duty enjoined upon us by the position we occupy in the family of nations.

VENZUELAN BOUNDARY QUESTION. An Incident That Is Nearly Closed-Some Talk About Seals.

The Venezuelan boundary question has ceased to be a matter of difference between Great Britain and the United States, their respective governments having agreed upon the substantial provisions of a treaty between Great Britain and Venezuela submitting the whole controversy to arbitration. provisions of the treaty are so eminentezuela thereto may confidently be anticipated. Negotiations for a treaty of general arbitration for all differences between Great Britain and the United States are far advanced and promise to reach a successful cansummation at an

With the foregoing the whole subject is dismissed and the president takes up the subject of reform in the consular service, which he advocates on merit system lines, and also urges the providing of residences for our ambassadors abroad. Then he takes

up the seal question and says:
We have during the past year labored fathfully and against unfavora-ble conditions to secure better preservation of seal life in the Behring sea Both the United States and Great Britain have lately dispatched commissioners to these waters to study the habits and condition of the seal herd and the causes of their rapid decrease. Upon the reports of these commissioners, soon to be submitted, and with the exercise of patience and good sense on the part of all interested parties, it is earnestly hoped that hearty co-operaion may be secured for the protection against threatened extinction of seal life in the northern Pacific and Behring

SUBJECT OF GREAT INTEREST Takes Up the Tariff and Argues in Favor

of the Wilson Bill. The president next takes up domestic finances and prefaces his suggestions with a statement of the national balance sheet, and of collecting the revenue, exports of gold and imports of precious metals at home and abroad. 203,245.70. He then refers to all the departments of government in turn and finally takes up the tariff as follows:

I desire to fecur to the statements elsewhere made concerning the governments's receipts and expenditures for suggestions touching our present tariff law and its operation. This statute took effect on the 26th day of August, 1894.

Whatever may be its shortcomings as a complete measure of tariff reform it must be conceded that it has opened the way to a freer and greater exchange of commodities between us and other ountries, and thus furnished a wider market for our products and manufactures. The only entire fiscal year during which this law has been in force ended on the 30th day of June, 1896. In that year our imports increased over those of the previous year more than \$6,500,000, while the value of the domestic products we exported and which found markets abroad was nearly \$70,-000,000 more than during the-preceding

Those who insist that the cost to our eople of articles coming to them from abroad for their needful use should only be increased through tariff charges to an extent necessary to meet the ex-penses of the government, as well as those who claim that tariff charges may be laid upon such articles beyond the necessities of government revenue, and with the additional purpose of so in-creasing their price in our markets as to give American manufacturers and producers better and more profitable opportunities, must agree that our tar-iff laws are only primarily justified as sources of revenue to enable the povernment to meet the necessary expenses of its maintenance. Considered as to its sufficiency in this respect the present law can by no means fall under just that the result of this policy will be condemnation. During the only com-the in of the entire island, and refers plete fiscal year of its operation it has vielded nearly \$8,000,000 more revenue than was received from tariff duties in

There was, nevertheless, a deficit be tween our receipts and expenditures of a little more than \$25,000,000. This, however, was not unexpected. The situation was such in December, seven months before the close of the fiscal year, that the secretary of the treasury foretold a deficiency of \$17,000,000. The great and increasing apprehension and timidity in business circles and the de-pression in all activities intervening since that time, resulting from causes perfectly well understood and entirely disconnected with our tariff law or its operation, seriously checked the imports we would have otherwise received, and readily account for the difference between this estimate of the secretary and the actual deficiency, as well as for a continued deficit. Indeed, it must be confessed that we could hardly have had a more unfavorable eriod than the last two years for the collection of tariff revenue. ot reasonably hope that our recuperation from this business depression will be sudden, but it has already set in with a promise of acceleration and continuance.

lowed a fair opportunity, will in the near future yield a revenue which, with reasonable economical expenditures, will overcome all deficiencies. In the meantime no deficit that has occurred or may occur need excite or disturb us.
To meet any such deficit we have
in the treasury, in addition to a gold
reserve of \$100,000,000, a surplus of more
than \$128,000,000 applicable to the payment of the expenses of the govern-ment, and which must, unless expendment, and which must, times expended for that purpose, remain a useless hoard, or if not extravagantly wasted must in any event be perverted from the purpose of its exaction from our people. The payment, therefore, of any

I believe our present tariff law, if al-

fund is nothing more than its proper and legitimate use. The government thus applying a surplus fortunately in its treasury to the payment of expenses not met by its current revenues is not at all to be likened to a man living beyond his income and thus incurring debt or encroaching on its principal. It is not one of the functions of our government o accumulate and make additions to a und not needed for immediate expenditure. With individuals it is the chief object of struggle and effort. The application of an accumulated fund by the government to the payment of its running expenses is a duty. An individual living beyond his income and embarrassing himself with debt, drawing upon his accumulated fund of principal is either unfortunate or im-provident. The distinction is between a government charged with the duty of expending for the benefit of the peo-ple and for proper purposes all the oney it receives from any source, and the individual who is expected to manifest a natural desire to aviod debt or to accumlate as much as possible, and o live within the income derived from such accumulations, to the end that they may be increased, or at least remain unimpaired for the future use

and enjoyment of himself and the objects of his love and affection who may survive him. It is immeasurably better to appro-priate our surplus to the payment of justifiable expenses than to allow it to come an invitation to reckless approoriations and extravagant expenditures. I suppose it will not be denied that under the present law our people obtain the necessaries of a comfortable existence at a cheaper rate than formerly. This is a matter of supreme importance, since it is the palpable duty f every just government to make the ourdens of taxation as light as possi-The people should not be required to relinquish this privilege of cheap living except under the stress of their government's necessity made plainly

DISCUSSES FINANCIAL AFFAIRS And Repeats That the Remedy Is the Re-

and vices of our financial methods. They have been frequently pressed ipon the attention of congress in previous executive communications the inevitable danger of their continued toleration pointed out. Without nov repeating these details I cannot refrain from again earnestly presenting the system opposed to every rule of sound finance, and shown by experience to be fraught with the gravest peril and per-plexity. The terrible civil war which shook the foundations of our government more than thirty years ago brought in its train the destruction of property, the wasting of our counry's substance and the estrangement of brethren. These are now past and lorgotten. Even the distressing loss of ife the conflict entailed is but a sacwhich fosters patriotic sentiment and keeps alive a tender regard for those who nobly died.

And yet there remains with us today, in full strength and activity, as an incident of that tremendous struggle, a ature of its financial necessities not only unsuited to our present circumstances but manifestly a disturbing menace to business security and an ever-present agent of monetary disress. Because we may be enjoying a emporary relief from its depressing iniuence, this should not lull us into a lalse security nor lead us to forget the uddenness of past visitations. I am nore convinced than ever that we can ave no assured financial peace and safety until the government currency obligations upon which gold may be lemanded from the treasury are withdrawn from circulation and cancelled. This might be done, as has been here-tofore recommended, by their exchange of interest, or by their redemption with he proceeds of such bonds.

Even if only the United States notes known as greenbacks were thus retired it is probable that the treasury

notes issued in payment of silver purchases under the act of July 14, now paid in gold when demanded, would not create much disturbance, as they might from time to time, when received in the treasury by redemption in gold or otherwise, be gradually and prudently replaced by silver coin. This plan of issuing bonds for the purpose of redemption certainly appears to be the most effective and direct path to the needed reform. In default of this, however, it would be a step in the right direction if currency obligations re-deemable in gold, whenever so re-deemed, should be cancelled instead of being reissued. This operation would be a slow remedy, but it would impresent conditions. National banks should redeem their own notes. They should be allowed to issue circulation to the par value of bonds deposted as security for its redemption, and the tax on their circulation should be reduced to one-fourth of 1 per cent. In considering projects of the retirement of United States notes and treas iry notes issued under the law of 1890, am of the opinion that we have placed too much stress upon the danger of contracting the currency, and have calculated too little upon the gold that would be added to our circulation if invited to us by better and safer financial methods. It is not so much should be avoided as its unequal tribution. This might be obviated, and any fear of harmful contraction at the same time removed, by allowing the organization of smaller banks in less populous communities than are now permitted, and also authorizing existing banks to establish branches in small communities under proper restrictions.

The entire case may be presented by

the statement that the day of sensible and sound financial methods will not dawn upon us until our governmen abandons the banking business and the accumulation of funds, and confines it nonetary operations to the receipt of he money contributed by the people for its support, and to the expenditure of such money for the people's benefit. Our business interests and all good cit-izens long for rest from feverish agitation, and the inauguration by the gov-ernment of a reformed financial policy which will encourage enterprise and make certain the rewards of labor and

Statistics Given by the President The statistics of national income and outgo, etc., given by the president are

The secretary of the treasury reports that during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1896, the receipts of the government from all sources amounted to \$409,475,-During the same period its ex penditures were \$434,678,654.48, the excess of expenditures over receipts thus amounting to \$25,203,245.70. The ordinary expenditures during the year were \$4,015,852.21 less than during the preceding fiscal year. Of the receipts men-tioned there was derived from customs the sum of \$180,021,751.67, and from internal revenue \$146,830,625.66. The receipts from customs show an increase of \$7,863,134.22 over those from the same source for the fiscal year ended June 30,1895, and the receipts from internal revenue an increase of \$3,584,537.91. The value of our imported dutiable merchandise during the last fiscal year

was \$369,757,470, and the value of free goods imported \$409,967,470, being an increase of \$6,523,675 in the value of dutiable goods and \$41,231,034 in the value of free goods over the preceding year. Our exports of merchandise, foreign and do-mestic, amounted in value to \$882,606,-938, being an increase over the preceding year of \$75,068,773. The average ad valorum duty paid on dutiable goods imported during the year was 39.94 per cent., and on free and dutiable goods taken together 20.55 per cent.

The cost of collecting our internal

revenue was 2.78 per cent., as against 2.81 per cent. for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1895. The total production of distilled spirits, exclusive of fruit brandies, was 88,588,703 taxable gallons, being an increase of 6,639,108 gallons over the preceding year. There was also an increase of 1,443,676 gallons of spirits produced from fruit, as compared with the preceding year. The number of bar-rels of beer produced was 35,859,250, as deficiency in the revenue from this against 33,589,784 produced in the preceding fiscal year, being an increase of

2,269,466 barrels. The total amount of gold exported during the last fiscal year was \$112,409,-947 and of silver \$60,541,670, being an increase of \$45,941,466 of gold and \$13,-46,384 of silver over the exportations of the preceding fiscal year. The imports of gold were \$33,525,065 and of silver \$28,777,186, being \$2,589,695 less of gold and \$8,566,007 more of silver than during the preceding year. The total stock of metallic money in the United States at the close of the last fiscal year, ended on the 30th day of June, 1896, was \$1,228,326,035, of which \$599,597,964 was in gold, and \$628,728,071 in silver. On the 1st day of November, 1896, the total stock of money of all kinds in the country was \$2,285,410,590 and the amount in circulation, not including that in the treasury holdings, was \$1,-627,055,641, being \$22.63 per capita upon an estimated population of 71,902,000. The production of the precious metals

in the United States during the cal-endar year 1895 is estimated to have been 2,254,760 fine ounces of gold, of the value of \$46,610,000, and 55,727,000 fine ounces of silver, of the commercial value of \$36,445,000 and the collage value of \$72,051,000.

The estimated production of these metals throughout the world during the same period was 9,688,821 fine ounces of gold, amounting to \$200,285,700 ir value, and 169,189,249 fine ounces of sil ver, of the commercial value of \$110. 654,000 and of the coinage value of \$218, 738,100 according to our ratio. These coinage of these metals in the

various countries of the world during the same calendar year amounted to \$232,701,438 in gold and \$121,996,219 in sil ver.

The total outstanding circulating notes of all national banks on the 31st day of October, 1896, amounted to \$234, 553,807, including unredeemed but fully secured notes of banks insolvent and in process of liquidation. The increase in national bank circulation during the year ending on that day was \$21,099,-429. On Oct. 6, 1896, when the condition tirement of Greenbacks.

This reference to the condition and institutions was \$3.263,685,313.83, which included \$1,893,268,839.31 in loans and discounts and \$362,165,738.85 in money of all kinds on hand. Of their liabilities \$1,597,891,058.03 was due to individual depositors and \$209,944,019 consisted

of outstanding circulating notes. TAKES A WHACK AT TRUSTS. Recommends That Congress Legislate fo

Their Control. Another topic in which our peopl rightfully take a deep interest may be here briefly considered. I refer to the existence of trusts and other huge aggregations of capital the object of which is to secure the monopoly of some par-ticular branch of trade, industry or commerce, and so stifle wholesome com-When these are defended it is usually on the ground that though they increase profits they also reduce prices and thus may benefit the pub lic. It must be remembered, however, that a reduction of prices to the people is not one of the real objects of these organizations, nor is their tendency necessarily in that direction. If It occurs in a particular case it is only because it accords with the purpose

or interest of those managing the

Such occasional results fall far short charged to the account of trusts and monopolies. Their tendency is to crush out individual independence and to hinder or prevent the free use of human faculties and the full development of human character. Through them the farmer, the artisan and the small trader is in danger of dislodgement from the proud position of being his own master, watchful of all that touches his country's prosperity, in which he has an individual lot, and interested in all that affects the advantages of business of which he is a factor, to be relegated to the level of a mere appurtenance to a great machine, with little free will, with no duty but that of passive obedience, and with little hope or opportunity of rising in the scale of responsi-

ble and helpful citizenship.

To the instinctive belief that such is the inevitable trend of trusts and mo-nopolies is due the wide-spread and deep-scated popular aversion in which they are held, and the not unreasonable insistence that, whatever may be their incidental economic advantages, their general effect upon personal character, prospects and usefulness can not be otherwise than injurious. Though congress has attempted to deal with this matter by legislation, the laws passed for that purpose thus far have proved ineffectual, not because of any lack of disposition or attempt to enforce them, but simply because the laws themselves as interpreted by the courts do not reach the difficulty. If the in-sufficiencies of existing laws can be remedied by further legislation-it should

It should be recognized, however, that all federal legislation on this sub-ject may fall short of its purpose because of inherent obstacles, and also because of the complex character of our government system, which, while making the federal authority supreme within its sphere, has carefully limited that fear by metes and bounds which cannot be transgressed. The decision of our highest court on this precise question renders it quite doubtful whether the evils of the trusts and monopolies can be adequately treated through federal action, unless they seek directly and purposely to include in their objects transportation or intercourse between states, or between the United States and foreign countries. It does not follow, however, that this is the limit of the remedy that may be

applied. Even though it may be found that federal authority is not broad enough to fully reach the case, there can be no doubt of the power of the several states to act effectively in the premises, and there should be no reason to doubt their willingness to judiciously exercise such power.

REFERS TO VARIOUS SUBJECTS Remarks on Pensions, the Navy Fortifications, Etc.

The diminution of our enormous pen sion roll and the decrease of pension expenditure which have been so often confidently foretold, still fail in ma-terial realization. The number of pen-

sioners on the rous at the on 1896, was fiscal year ended June 30, 1896, was 970,678. This is the largest number ever The amount paid exclusivefor the pensions during the year was \$133,214,761.94, a slight decrease from that of the preceding year, while the total expenditures on account of pen-sions, including the cost of maintaining the department and expenses at-tending pension distribution amounted

tending pension distribution amounted to \$142,206,550.59, or within a very small fraction of one-third of the entire expense of supporting the government during the same year. The number of new pension certificates issued was 90,-640. Of these, 40,374 represent original allowances of claims and 15,878 increase of existing pensions.

The number of persons receiving pensions from the United States, but residing in foreign countries at the close of the last fiscal year was 3,781, and the amount paid to them during

the year was \$582,735.38. The sum appropriated for the payment of pensions for the current fiscal year ending June 30, 1897, is \$140,000,000, and for the succeeding year it is estimated that the same amount will be necessary. The commissioner of pensions reports that during the last fiscal year 339 indictments were found against violators of the pension laws. Upon these indict-ments 157 convictions resulted. In my opinion based upon such state-

ments as these and much other infor-mation and observation, the abuses which have been allowed to creep into our pension system have done incalculable harm in demoralizing our peopl and rendering good citizenship. have endeavored within my sphere official duty to protect our pension rol and make it what it should be, a roll of honor, containing the names of those disabled in their country's service and worthy of their country's affectionate emembrance.

the soldiers' friends active and alert in urging greater laxity and more reck less pension expenditure, while nursing selfish schemes, I have deprecated the approach of a situation when necess ary retrenchment and enforced economy may lead to an attack upon pen sion abuses, so determined as to over-look the discrimination due to those who, worthy of a nation's care, ought to live and die under the protection of a nation's gratitude. The secretary calls attention to the public interests involved in an adjustment of the obli-gations of the Pacific railroads to the government. I deem it to be an important duty to especially present this subject to the consideration of the con

The organizd militia numbers 112,879 men. The appropriations for its sup-port by the several states approximate tributed by the federal government Investigation shows these troops to be isually drilled and inspired with much military interest, but in many in stances they are so deficient in prope arms and equipment that a sudden cal o active duty would find them inade quately prepared for field service. therefore recommend that prince measures be taken to remedy this con dition and that every encouragement e given to this deserving body of unpaid and voluntary citizen soldiers upon wohse assistance we must largely ely in time of trouble.

During the past year rapid progress has been made to ward the comple-tion of the scheme adopted for the erection and armament of fortifications along our seacoast, while equal progress has been made in providing th material for submarine defense in con nection with these works. experience and results of the past year demonstrates that with a continuatio of present careful methods the cost of the remaining work will be much less than the original estimate.

The construction of vessels for our new navy has been energetically pros ecuted by the present administration upon the general lines previously general lines previously adoptd, the department having seen n necessity for radical changes in prior methods under which the work highly satisfactory. It has been deshould pay all trial expenses and it has also been determined to pay no speed premiums in the future contracts Right new unarmored cruisers and two sioned. The Iowa, another battleship,

will be completed about March 1, and at least four more gunboats will be ready for sea in the early spring.

It is gratifying to state that our ships and their outfits are believed to be equal to the best that can be manufactured elsewhere, and that such nottheir cost, as to justify the statemen that quite a number of vessels are now being constructed at rates as low as those that prevail in European ship-

It is most gratifying to noe the sat isfactory results that have followed the inauguration of the new system provided for the act of May 28, 1893, under which certain federal officials are com-pensated by salaries instead of fees The new plan was put in operation or the 1st day of July, 1896, and already the great economy it enforces, its prevention of abuses, and its tendency t a better enforcement of the laws, are strikingly apparent. Detailed evidence of the usefulness of this long-delayed but now happily accomplished reform will be found clearly set forth in the attorney general's report.

Our postoffice department is in good condition, and the exhibit made of its operations during the fiscal year ended June 30,1896, if allowance is made for imperfections in the laws applicable to it is very satisfactory. The total receipts during the year were \$82,499,208. 40. The total expenditures were \$90, 626,296.84, exclusive of \$1,559,898.27, which was earned by the Pacific railroad for transportation and credited on their debt to the government. There was a increase of receipts over the previous year of \$5,516,080.21, or 7.1 per cent. an increase of expenditures of \$3,836,-

124.02, or 4.42 per cent.

The number of emigrants arriving in the United States during the fiscal year was 343,267, of whom 340,468 were permitted to land, and 2,799 were debarred on various grounds prescribed by law and returned to the countries whence they came at the expense of the steamship company by which they were brought in. The increase in immigration over the preceding year amounted to 84,131. It is reported that with some exceptions the immigrants of the past year were of a hardy laboring class, accustomed and able to earn a support for themselves, and it is estimated that the money brought with them amounted to at least \$5,000,000. Though it was probably much in excess of that sum since only those hav-ing less than \$30 are required to disclose the exact amount and it is known that many brought considerable sums of money to buy land and build homes.

Including al the immigrants arriving who were over 14 years of age, 28.63 per cent. were illiterate as against 20.37 per cent. of those of that age arriving during the preceding fiscal year. There arrived from Japan during the year only 1,110 immigrants, and it is the opinion of the immigration authorities that the apprehension heretofore ex-isting to some extent of a large immigration from Japan to States is without any substantial foundation.

In concluding this communication its last words shall be an appeal to the congress for the most rigid economy in the expenditure of the money it holds the expenditure of the way to in trust for the people. The way to perplexing extravagance is easy, but a return to frugality is difficult. When, return to frugality is difficult. When, however, it is considered that those who bear the burdens of taxation have no guarantee of honest care save in the fidelity of their public servants, the duty of all possible retrenchment is painly manifest.

When our differences are forgotten and our contests of political opinion are no longer remembered, nothing in the retrospect of our public service will be as fortunate and comforting as the recollection of official duty well performed, and the memory of a constant devotion to the interests of our confiding fellow-

GROVER CLEVELAND.

Executive Mansion, Dec. 7, 1896.

ON THE EVE OF THE SESSION

Influx of Statesmon at the Hotels-Mark Hanna the Central Figure. That Sunday was the eve of a new session of congress was apparent in the Washington hotels, which are always barometers of political activity under the dome. Senators and members coming to the city by every train, reinforced by the attaches and lookers-on of congress, were drifting into the lobbles, greeting one another like school boys after a vacation with much handshaking, with reminiscences of the campaign and many explanations of how their re-elections or defeats had been brought about. There was comparatively small interest in the work of the coming congress itself apart from the president's message, but clouds of speculation were affoat dealing with the policies of the new-administration to be inaugurated on the 4th of March, and with the personnel of the cabinet. It was unanimously conceded that the Republican programme was to ignore the Dingley tariff bill and to summon an extra session of congress for the 15th of March, for the purpose of passing a new tariff measure. Curiosity was expressed over what reference if any President Cleveland might make to the issues and the result of the pres-

Kinley administration, with a commisto communicate the policy of the pres-

Some of the most conspicuous men about the hotel, most of whom talked with Hanna during the evening, were Senators Platt, of Connecticut, and Aldrich, of Rhode Island; Chairman Babcock and Vice Chairman Mercer, of the congressional campaign committee; General Grosvenor, of Ohio; Congressmen Lacey (of Iowa), Gillett, McCormack and Wilson (of New York), Foss, Belknap and Lorimer (of Illinois); appropriations of the house, and"Deacon" S. V. White, the New York financier who served a term in congress and No. 7...... 3:40 p.m. session.

Russia on the Egyptian Question. No. 5..... 5:24 p. m. nounced that Russia has notified France that the interests of the government in the matter of the evacuation of Egypt is quite remote. The czar is said to have expressed the conviction that Great Britain has earned an indemnity by reason of her beneficent intervention in the Nile valley.

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These route arrive in that city. Thror pills are easy in action and are particu- trains from Chicago, Indianapolis, larly effective in the cure of constipation lumbus, Cincinnati, Pittsburgh and liver troubles they have been proved apply to nearest Pennsylvania I invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to the stomach and bowels, greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25c. per box. Sold by W. the Pennsylvania Lines about the rate, first class service and quick ti F, Peters, successor to J. H. Andrews & Co.'s drug store.

To Curea Cold in One Day Take laxative Bromo uinine Tabletss All druggists refund the money if it fail to cure. 25c.

Chief Assistant General Passens Mr. C. M. Dixon, a well known mer cont of Pleasant Ridge, Fulton county mation on the subject. Ps has a little girl who is frequently theeatened with croup, but when the Homeseekers' Excursions West and Sou first symptoms appear, his wife gives her Il mberlain's Cough Remedy, which always affords prompt relief. The 25 and 50 cent sizes for sale by C. W. Milnous, Druggist.



Insure your business and her property in the Ohio Farmers Insurance Co. It is strong, reliable. safe comny. Cash assets over \$1,-0,000. C. A. DAY, Ag't. Pfaffenberger Block.

For Sale--- Residence. taving disposed of my business here residence on North Walnut street i este at a bargain to a quick buyer. J. C. VANHARLINGEN.

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FOR INDIANA READERS IS

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Indianapolis Journal

10 desires to be THOROUGHLY POSTED on L POLITICAL and GENERAL NEWS TOPand especially INDIANA NEWS. THE DAILY FURNISHES ALL THE NEWS-

cal, Domestic and Foreign; complete and ac arate market reports; a State news service that overs all important events, and a generous apply of miscellaneous information for gener-I readers, This year the proceedings of Conress will be an especial importance and interst. Its columns, both news and advertising e free from indecent or objectionable matter

JONRAL NEW STATER CO., Indianapolis, Ind

idential campaign, and particularly as to his policy upon the Cuban question.

results

Soap

It makes clothes whiter and

washes them better-with less

pense. A pure soap, a good

Made only by

The N. K. Fairbank Company.

Chicago.

8. 4 0. S. W. Ry. Tin

No. 6 4:24 a. m..... 4:29 a

No. 10 6:23 a. m..... 6:26 a

No. 4 9:10 a. m......9:15 a.

No. 2 3:15 p. m ...... 3:19 p

No. 8 3:50 p. m.....3.55 p

No. 7 10:04 a. m......10:09 a

No. 1 11:33 a. m......11:37 a

No. 33 6.22 a. m......6-26 a. a.

P., O., O. & St. L. Tires

SOUTH BOUND.

No. 2..... 10;10 a m.

No. 18......4:51 p. m.

No. 15......8:02 s. m.

ALL RAIL ROUTE TO THE SEA.

By the opening of the Deleware

River Bridge the Pennsylvania Lines

have become the only all rail route to

Atlantic City and the seashore. Trans-

fer of passengers and baggage at Phila-

delphia via Market street Ferry and

Camden is avoided, as seashore Broad

Street Station, at which passengers

from the west over the Pennsylvania

termediate points on the Pennsylva

with the seashore trains. For det

California and the West, Florida and

Ask passenger and ticket agents

over this reliable route. Full inform

Agent, Pittsburg, Pa., for desired inf

Apply to nearest passenger or ticl

agent of Pennsylvania Lines for any

sired information on the subject; or

dress F. Van Dusen, Chief Assistant

General Passenger Agent, Pittsbur

HEADAUHE cured in 20 minutes by Dr. M.
PAIN PILLS. "One cent a dose." At drugg.
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Use Dr. Miles' NERVE PLASTERS for SPIN WEAKNESS. All druggists sell 'em for

Pa. Low rates open to all.

Ticket Agent.

C. C. SAPPINGTON Agent.

WEST BOUND

Table.

EAST BOUND. .

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

work, in less time, at less ex-

soap, an economical soap.

The central figure of the night was Marcus A. Hanna, who is looked upon here as the advance agent of the Mcsion to feel the pulse of congress and ident-elect to the leaders. When Hanna appeared in the Arlington lobby after his dinner, accompanied by H. C. Payne, of Wisconsin, who is slated as a cabinet probability; C. J. Dawes, of Chicago, a member of the Republican committee, and General Horace Porter, the marsha! of the inauguration No. 5 5.58 a. m.....6:02 a parade, the party was surrounded by congressmen and other politicians who escorted them to Hanna's rooms. The Republican chairman had been invisible during the day, trying to put aside No. 9 8:15 p. m .....8:20 p throughout the evening he was beset by visitors.

Free Pills

tion free. It will pay to investigate you contemplate a trip. If not conve ient to communicate with local repre sentatives of the Pennsylvania Lit near your home, address F. Van Duse

#### John R. McLean's Great Newspaper.

Without a single exception, there is beyond doubt no greater or more popular newspaper in the United States than the Cincinnati Enquirer; or a more successful publisher than its proprietor, Mr. John R. McLe

The old-time prices for the Da Enquirer have been maintained, a its circulation largely increased each year; hard times and cheaper jo nals failing to arrest its onward mar and high appreciation of the pub for its true worth and merit.

The Weekly Enquirer at beginni of the campaign year was offered 50 cents a year, and its circulati increased by the addition of over 200,000 new subscribers; the me substantial and coveted testimonial publisher could desire.

When asked for the secret of susuccess, Mr. McLean frankly answer The Enquirer has no opinions to for upon its patrons, it simply prints the facts and tells the truth that the read may form his own opinions. By maintaining the price of the paper, more news and greater variety can be furnished, and every class of business interests catered to, which a cheaper journal cannot afford.

The very liberal support given the Enquirer by the public at large, makes it incumbent upon the management to serve it faithfully with zeal and enterprise in minor matters as well as those of greater magnitude.

Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It

is not sold in bulk. Don't allow anyone to sell

you anything else on the plea or promise that is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose." \*\* See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.

DECEMBER.

Su. Mo. Tu. We. Th. Fr. Sa.

13 14 15 16 17 18 19

20 21 22 23 24 25 26

SECRETARY OLNEY'S REPORT.

It Is the First One In the Memory of

Old Officials.

time within the memory of old officials

the secretary of state has made a regu-

lar report to the president for trans-

mission to congress, like the reports of

other officers of the cabinet. The re-

port was laid before congress yesterday

as an appendix to the president's mes-

sage. It treats of many details of our

relations during the past year with

foreign governments that either were

not touched upon at all in the message,

or were more briefly treated. Under

the head of Spain, Secretary Olney has

much to say in reference to Cuba. The

secretary's estimate of the present situa-

tion is disclosed in the following para-

graphs made after a preliminary state-

ment of the destruction of the indus-

"From whatever point of view we re-

gard the matter it is impossible not to

discern that a state of things exists at

our doors alike dangerous to good rela-

tions, destructive of legitimate com-

Cuba and most vexatious and trying be-

cause entailing upon this government

excessive burdens in its domestic ad-

ministration and in its outward rela-

continue without growing still worse, and that time may not be far distant

when the United States must seriously

consider whether its rights and interests,

as well as its international duties, in view

of its peculiar relations to the island, do

not call for some decided change in the

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Prevailing Prices For Grain, Cattle and

Provisions on Dec. 7.

Indianapolis.

WHEAT—Weak; No. 2 red, 90c.
CORN—Weak; No. 2 mixed, 20c.
OATS—Dull: No. 2 mixed, 20c.
CATTLE—Heavy dry fed steers, \$4.15@
4.90; medium to good shipping steers,
\$3.75@4.10; common to fair steers, \$3.25@
3.65; feeding steers, \$3.15@3.85; medium
to choice heifers, \$2.75@4.35; common to
choice cows, \$1.00@3.50; veal calves, \$3.50@
5.25. Market dull.
Hogs—Packing and good to choice, \$3.10

choice cows, \$1.00@3.50; veal calves, \$3.00@5.25. Market dull.

Hogs—Packing and good to choice, \$3.10
@8.25; lightweights, \$8.10@3.25; pigs and roughs, \$2.35@2.85. Market active.

SHEEP—Common to choice lambs, \$2.50
@4.25; medium to choice sheep, \$2.25@3.00; bucks, per head, \$1.50@4.00. Market

policy hitherto pursued."

"This situation cannot indefinitely

merce, fatal to the internal resources of

trial resources of Cuba:

WASHINGTON, Dec. 8 .- For the first

27 28 29 30 31

3

8 9 10 11 12

4

SEYMOUR, INDIANA, TUESDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 8, 1896.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

SEE 900 Drops THAT THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE AVegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of INFANTS, CHILDREN Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. IS ON THE NOT NARCOTIC. WRAPPER Recipe of Old Dr.SAMUELPITCHER OF EVERY BOTTLE OF A perfect Remedy for Constipa-tion, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms Convulsions Feverishness and Loss of SLEEP.

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[OR SALE.—Old newspapers, at this office 25
cents per hundred. W ANTED-Everybody to use this column it will pay, investment good.

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Will practice his protession in ad the courts of the sate. Careful attention given to collections and to the management of probate matters. Office: Over the First National Bank, Seymour.

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All cases of sore eyes left in my care will be promptly treated. Office and residence corner South S: and Louisville avenue.

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Office up stairs, corner of Chestnut St. and St. Louis Avenue. Residence 120 Fifth treet, between Chestnut and Walnut streets, Calls answered promptly.

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Lower Prices

Byansville & Richmond Railread

TIME TABLE In effet December 1st, 1896,  WEST. 71. FAST, 72.  6:00 a. m. Westport, 5:00 6:15Sardinia3:05 6:40Elizabetht'n 2 30 8:20Seymour1.45 p m. 9:02Freetown12:03 p.m 9:18Kurtz11:47	Pork—Jan. opened \$7.50, closed \$7.57, May opened \$7.85, closed \$7.90.  LARD—Jan. opened \$3.80, closed \$3.85, May opened \$4.00, closed \$4.07.  RIBS—Jan. opened \$3.90, closed \$4.07.  May opened \$3.95, closed \$4.00.  Closing cash markets: Wheat, 77% 6; corn, 23c; oats, 18%; pork, \$6.80; lard, \$3.70; ribs, \$3.85.			
10:08Heltonville 11:00 Arrive 10:33Bedfcrd,Lv.10:35	Cincinnati Grain and Steek, WHEAT 'uiet; No. 2 red, 95c.			
Leave 12:30 p. m. Bedford, ar. 7:50	CORN—A: ive; No. 2 mixed, 22/4c. OATS—Firm; No. 2 mixed, 20c. CATTLE—Steady at #2.25.74.50			

2:55 .........Odon. ..........5:30

WHEAT—'uiet; No. 2 red, 95c.
CORN—A' ive; No. 2 mixed, 22½c.
OATS—Fil. n; No. 2 mixed, 20c.
CATTLE—Steady at \$2.25,34.50.
BOGS—Lower at \$2.25,34.50.
SNREP—Weak at \$2.00398.25; lambs, dull at \$8.0034.40. Arrive 6:00.......Elnora .......5:00 a.m. H. H. Roseman, G. P. A.
Evansville, Ind.
J. M. Clark, Agent, Ssymour Ind. Toledo Grain. WHEAT-Lower; No. 2 cash, 941/c. CORN-Steady; No. 2 mixed, 98c.

SENATE AND HOUSE

Fifty-Fourth Congress Has Begun Its Concluding Session.

FOREIGN MINISTERS PRESENT.

Brilliant and Interesting Crowd Thronged the Galleries of the House-After the Reading of the President's Message Both Houses Adjourn-What Members Say of the Document.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 8 .- The United States senate began the second session of the Fifty-fourth congress with crowded galleries and with that accompaniment of activity and of greeting that usually attends the reassembling of congress. But the upper branch of congress never puts aside its dignity, and the meeting developed no demonstrations of dramatic incidents.

The reading of the president's message was the feature of the proceedings, and beyond this, no attempt was made to enter upon the business of the session. To many of the foreign representatives occupying the diplomatic gallery the message had special interest and significance owing to the part they had taken in the conspicuous foreign events to which the president

Sir Julian Pauncefote, the British Ambassador, and the new Turkish minister, Moustapha Bey were present. Senor Depuy de Lome, the Spanish minister, was not in attendance during the day, but two of the secretaries of the Spanish legation causally noted the references to the Cuban conflict, Minister Hatch of Hawaii, and Mr. Cooper. the Hawaiian minister of foreign affairs, were listeners, although the message contained no reference to the Hawaiian islands.

On the floor of the senate printed copies of the message were distributed and these gave the senators opportunity to read the salient features instead of listening to them. As a result there was scant attention after the reading had proceeded beyond the first half hour. The reading of the message covered one hour and 15 minutes, and at its conclusion the senate adjourned.

HOUSE.

Galleries Crowded to Witness the Opening Session.

Washington, Dec. 8. - While the scenes attending the opening of the interesting in the crowds that thronged sonages present, the proceedings themselves were dull and spiritless, being distinctively routine. The house met, the chaplain invoked the divine blessing on the work of the session, the roll was called, a committee consisting of Mr. sion of a lamp. Cannon of Illinois, Mr. Payne of New York and Mr. Turner of Georgia was appointed to wait on the president, and the latter's annual communication was

The reading consumed two hours. It was Mr. Cleveland's farewell message and their was much curiosity as to his views, on Cuba especially, but there was no demonstration either of approval or dissent throughout its reading. The holiday nature of the day was saddened by the announcement of the death of ex-Speaker Crisp, which Mr. Turner of Georgia, formerlly made to his associates.

Out of respect to the memory of the

Adirondack Guide Rilled.

SARATOGA, Dec. 8 .- Frederick Lovell. one of the oldest and best known guides in the Adirondacks, has been accidentally killed by a falling tree. Lovell was a giant in stature and had remarkable strength. He was 70 years old.

General Pearson Paralyzed. PITTSBURG, Dec. 8.-A. L. Pearson, prominent member of the Union Veteran league, suffered a stroke of paralysis yesterday at his home, near Sewickley, and is not expected to recover.

Governor Bradley Better. CINCINNATI, Dec. 8.—Governor W. O. Bradley of Kentucky was on the streets yesterday, taking the first exercise since nis arrival here for treatment last week. His throat is much better.

Are You

Look about you! See for yourself! Who suffer most from sleeplessness, nervousness, nervous dyspepsia, neuralgia, despondency, general weakness? Who are on the edge of nervous prostration all the time? Those who are thin, Opium, chloral, bromides, headache powders, only make matters worse. Iron and bitters are only stimulants. To be cured, and cured for good, you need a fat-making food. You want new blood, rich blood; and a strong nerve-

tonic SCOTT'S EMULSION of Cod-liver Oil with Hypophosphites is all this. It feeds the tissues, makes rich blood, and strengthens the nerves.

Book about it free for the asking. For sale by all druggists at 50c. and SCOTT & BOWNE, New York

HANNA ENTERTAINED.

He Declined to Give His Views on the President's Message. WASHINGTON, Dec. 8. - Chairman

Mark Hanna was asked last night for an interview on the president's message, Mr. Hanna excused himself, saying that while he expected to read the message, he had not yet done so. Mr. Hanna was entertained at dinner

last night by Colonel John Hay at his residence on Sixteenth street. Those invited to meet him were Senators Sherman, Cameron, Cullom, Brice, Wolcott, Proctor, Hale and Lodge; Representative Hitt of Illinois, General Miles, General Horace Porter of New York, William M. Osborne of Massachusetts, Hon. Henry C. Payne, Charles J. Dawes of Chicago, Assistant Secretary of State Rockhill and Henry White. The dinner was an entirely informal affair.

EX-GOVERNOR HOAR.

Elgin Board of Trade Wish Him Made Secretary of Agriculture.

W. D. Hoar had aid given his boom as ley cabinet, by a resolution passed yestereay afternoon by the Elgin board of the road. trade. This board which regulates the American butter market, is in favor of the Wisconsin man because he is a dairyman himself and is opposed to keep out of the way of train No. 22. butterine, hollow cheese and patent which had the right-of-way. The spefats. The resolution was prepared by leading members of the organization. The board thinks the figures in the column of majorities for the presidentmember of the cabinet.

RUMORS ABOUT BRADLEY.

His Throat Trouble Caused Him to Retire From the Senatorial Race.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Dec. 8.-A rumor coming from some of Governor Bradley's close friends is current here that he has been very despondent of late; that he believes his throat trouble has been caused by the continual harassment of his office; that his ill health caused him to drop out of the senatorial race and has caused his hesitation about calling an extra session of the legislature. All this has given rise to a rumor that he seriously contemplates resigning.

NASHVILLE BLAZE.

Agricultural Works Together With Stock Totally Destroyed by Fire.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Dec. 8. - Last night the entire plant and buildings of house yesterday were both brilliant and | the Withington & Russell Co., covering about six acres, was totally destroyed \$10,000 to \$15,000. the galleries and the conspicuous per. by fire together with a large stock of manufactured goods. The company manufactured agricultural implements, employing 115 hands. Seven freight cars loaded with goods were also burned. The loss is \$125,000 and insurance cannot be estimated. Cause of fire explo-

COLONEL FELLOWS DEAD.

He Passed Away Yesterday-His Funeral Tomorrow.

NEW YORK, Dec. 8 .- Colonel J. R. Fellows died yesterday. The funeral will take place on today afternoon at 3 o'clock from the church of the Intercession. The interment will be in Trinity cemetery.

Relatives Visit the McKinleys.

CANTON, O., Dec. 8 .- George Morse of San Francisco has returned to Canton from New York. Mr. Morse married Miss Ida McKinley, daughter of the late distinguished Georgian, the house, after adopting appropriate resolutions, immediately adjourned.

David McKinley, on the coast. Their charming little daughter, Majoria, 2 wears old is the only infant among the years old, is the only infant among the McKinley relationship. Mr. and Mrs. Morse will remain guests at Mother Nancy Allison McKinley's home this week. They will come from San Francisco to attend the inauguration at Washington.

William J. Bryan.

LINCOLN, Neb., Dec. 8 .- A representative of the press called upon W. J. Bryan and showed him a copy of President Cleveland's message. "Mr. Cleveland's message" said Mr. Bryan, "is too important a document either to be commented upon in piece-meal or briefly as a whole. I do not care to express myself upon the message until I shall have had opportunity to carefully read and digest it.'

Kentucky Distillers.

LOUISVILLE, Dec. 8.—A joint meeting of a committee from the Kentucky Distillers' association and a committee from the National Wholesale Liquor Dealers' association was held at the Galt House yesterday to take action in regard to a proposed attempt to have congress pass a bill allowing the bottling of whisky in bond.

Landslide In France. DIEPPE, France, Dec. 8 .- Au enormous mass of the cliffs here have collapsed, including that part upon which stood the Chalet Bamberger, which was 60 yards from the edge. There is much excitement here, as the fissures threaten further slips. The damage done already amounts to 120,000 francs.

TELEGRAPH BREVILLES.

Judge Lochren at St. Paul, Minn., yesterday denied the application for a receiver for the Yellowstone Park associa-

Kansas City board of trade yesterday unanimously passed a resolution asking President Cleveland to acknowledge the independence of Cuba. Rev. Dr. Lewis Albert Banks has de

cided to give up his Hanson Place M. E. church, New York. His participation in politics is distasteful to his congregation. The United States controller of the currency has declared dividends in favor of insolvent national banks as follows: Ten per cent, the First National bank of Sundance, Wyo.; 5 per cent, the Commercial National bank of Nashville, Tenn.

John Rich, who was sentenced to 20 years imprisonment for strangling his wife to death at Atlantic City, N. J., has made a confession. He says she revived around her throat and buried her alive. THEY MET HEAD ON

Two Passenger Trains Collide on the Baltimore and Southwestern.

TRAINMEN FORGET

Three Human Lives Go Out Like a Flash and Sixteen Other Persons are Seriously Injured-One Train Contained Railroad Officials Inspecting the Road-List of the Dead and Injured.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 8. - A horrible wreck occurred here yesterday, near Storr station, on the Baltimore and Ohio Southwestern, in which three persons were killed and 16 injured. The trains in collision were No. 22, an accommodation, coming in from Cochran, Ind., and a special made up of a passenger KICKED TO DEATH BY A HORSE, coach and two private cars. The special was carrying all the general officers ELGIN, Ills., Dec. 8.-Ex-Governor of the Baltimore and Ohio Southwestern, except General Manager Peabody secretary of agriculture in the McKin- and President Bacon, who were starting out to make a thorough inspection of

The engineer and conductor of the special had orders to follow 15 minutes behind a preceding regular train, and to cial stopped at Storrs, where it should have waited for No. 22, but the engineer and conductor both forgot the order concerning that train, and pulled elect entitle the immense butter and out. When three-quarters of a mile milk interest to representative as a west of Storrs the trains came together. west of Storrs the trains came together. There was a fog which prevented seeing clearly, so neither engineer suspected a collision until the shock came, The killed are:

JOHN PRICE, engineer. HOMER DILON, fireman. L. ZIPPERNICK, civil engineer. The seriously injured are: General Traffic Manager Randolph. General Passenger Agent Chesborough. Chief Engineer Carrothers. Engineer Tom Jones. Fireman John Kennedy. Baggagemaster Harvey. Charles E. Whiting, passenger. Fred Moore, passenger. The slightly injured:

Press Agent James H. Maddy. John Mills, trainman. Conductor Sam Elswick. Brakeman Charles Chapman, Brakeman James Bewley. Mrs. Alexander Patterson. Conductor M. H. Sexton. F. N. Moore, chief clerk in Chief En-

gineer Kittredge's office, Big Four. The engines were badly wrecked. The property loss is estimated at from

STEEL TRUST.

Reasons For Beliveing the Gigantie Monopoly Has Gone to Pieces.

CLEVELAND, Dec. 8.—The Bessemer Steel association, popularly known as the steel trust, has apparently gone to pieces. A Cleveland manufacturer who uses steel billets has received from concerns which have been members of the association, word that they were acting independently and would like to submit their prices. He received three letters, one of which said that the firm sending it had withdrawn from the pool and could now make better prices. The other two merely said the senders were independent and wished to be considered when future orders were made. A telegram was received to the same effect. The recipient of these communications said he had no doubt that all consumers of steel had been put in possession of the same information.

Company Denies a Deport. NEW HAVEN, Dec. 8 .- An authoritative denial was given by the officials of the New York, New Haven and Hartford railroad yesterday to the statement that the company had under consideration a mammoth scheme to equip its lines all over the state with electricity.

Will Diversify Its Output. LORAINE, O., Dec. 8. - The Johnston Steel company is preparing to diversify its output. Today the first experiment at rolling sheet steel for tin plate is being made. It is expected that the Johnson people will arrange their affairs so that they will not be subject to the



Some men are afraid of death, some are not. Most of us would rather not meet the grim destroyer today. We would rather put it off until to-morrow, or until next year. Mere wishes do not count for much in the matter. A man may not want to die. He may not want to be sick. He may wish and hope and pray that he will not be sick nor meet death,

but wishing and hoping won't help him. It is what he does, and not what he wishes that serve his purpose. If a man is losing flesh, and is nervous, irritable, sleepless and debilitated, he may wish he would get well, but one bottle of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery will do more than an ocean of wishes. If a man is on the way to consumption, he should make a stop as quickly as possible. He should put on brakes. He needn't be afraid he has consumption if he will do the right thing—if he will just take the right medicine. The "Golden Medical Discovery" cures incipient and well developed consumption. sumption is a germ disease and a blood disease. The "Golden Medical Discovery" kills the germs and purifies the blood. It increases the appetite, helps digestion, makes assimilation perfect, and as builds up solid subspective. and so builds up solid, wholesome flesh. Hundreds of grateful people afflicted with consumption, brouchial, throat and kindred diseases, have testified that it has actually saved their lives. For the scholarship. sake of the information they contain, some of these letters have been included in Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, a thousand page, illustrated of diphtheria are reported in Franklin book, which will be sent free on receipt township, Pulaski county. The school of twenty-one (21) one-cent stamps to

Highest of all in Leavening Power.-Latest U. S. Gov't Report



WORK OF VANDALD

HIS ACCOUNTS SHORT CHICAGO, Dec. 8. - The picture of

Postmaster at Atlanta, Ind., Goes Wrong and Is Relieved.

Bristol, Ind., Experiences a Boom and Is Without an Empty House-Hog Leprosy Prevalent-Insane Man Kills His Wife and Then Drowns Himself-Novel Law-

ATLANTA, Ind., Dec. 8 .- J. N. Spidel, postmaster here, is short in his account Wife's Children Sue a Husband's Children with the government \$800 or more. The inspector's search disclosed a shortage of \$800, and the examination is not vet completed. As soon as the shortage became known Spidel was dismissed, and Hugh Scully was appointed in his stead. It is not yet known what was the occasion for his defalcation. It is conjectured that he lost money on the result of the election.

CLOVERSEED THIEVES.

Two Young Men Confess to Robbing C. B. Overman of the Seed.

MARION, Ind., Dec. 8 .- Two young men, giving the names of Norman Webb and Albert Wright, drove here yesterday morning with a lot of clover The attention of the officers was called, and they were arrested. The sacks bore the initials "C. B. O." Telephone communication with C. B. Overman, who resides at Windfall, brought the reply that the cloverseed had been stolen from him. The boys broke down and confessed their guilt. Their home is in Tipton county.

BADLY BURNED.

Two Men Seriously Injured at Muncie In

a Gas Explosion. glass manufacturers, and George Viucent, night watchman at the factory, were horribly, and perhaps fatally, terday. They were repairing a gas match and a terrific explosion resulted. | full time with full forces. Both men were burned so badly on their exposed parts that the skin and pieces of flesh fell off. Their eyes were injured, and Vincent may go blind. His hair was all burned off his head. The recovery of either man is not certain.

PROSPEROUS TOWN.

Bristol Indians, Experiences a Revival

In Business-No Empty Houses. BRISTOL, Ind., Dec. 8.—This place notes a revival in business since the election. There is not a vacant house in the town, and there is a demand for tenements. The National Cigar company of this place has removed its factory from Hudson, Mich., and consoli- ringleaders were referred to the comdated it with the factory here. The Bristol Manufacturing company has been reorganized, after six months' closedown, and work has begun on the foundation of the new operahouse,

which is being erected by H. H. Mesier

of Indianapolis. Inhaled Fumes From Potato Bugs. BELLEFONTAINE, O., Dec. 8 .- Rev. Paul Ladd, a well known colored minister of this city is dead from a strange cause. Several months ago he planted a patch of potatoes, and the vines being covered with potato bugs, he proceeded to gather them in a pan and burn them. Unfortunately, Mr. Ladd inhaled some of the fumes, which seem to have been a deadly poison, for at once his lungs became strange affected, and he sunk into a consumptive state, which resulted in his death.

Son of a Famous Editor.

HUNTINGTON, Ind., Dec. 8.-W. J. Phillips, night clerk at the Osborne hotel here, died very suddenly last Friday and all efforts to locate any of his relatives proved fruitless until a message was received from a brother Al F. Phillips of Kansas City, who arrived last night to take charge of the remains. The deceased was a son of T. C. Phillips, founder of the Kokomo (Ind.) Tribune, and the remains will be sent to that city for interment.

Government Detectives at Work.

LAPORTE, Ind., Dec. 8 .- Two secret service officers of the government are at work in northern Indiana tracing the origin of the large amount of spurious money in circulation. During the last 10 days a number of dangerous counterfeits have come to light, while some localities have been flooded with spurions half and dollar pieces. Thomas Knight, living near Three Oaks is under

Otiver Springstead. BLOOMINGTON, Ills., Dec. 8.-Oliver

Springstead, a noted character of this courty, is dead at his home in Saybrook, aged 70. He was a type of the old-time village schoolmaster, and had been engaged in educational work in Saybrook and vicinity for nearly 40 years. He was a man of strong intellect and high Diphtheria In Pulaski County.

LAPORTE, Ind., Dec. 8 .- Fifteen cases have been closed, and every precaution pay for mailing only. Every family is being taken to prevent what promises should have a copy for ready reference to be a serious scourage of the disease. In case of sudden sickness or accidents. The maledy is also regime near Wilders, well-informed every where. Syrup, World's Dispensary Medical Association, this county.

Cleveland's Picture In the Cook County Democratic Club Cut to Pieces.

President Cleveland, which hung in the rooms of the Cook county Democratic club, has been cut to pieces. The perpetrators of the deed are unknown. It is supposed to be the result of the strife between the gold and silver wings of the party which reached its height at the annual club election yesterday. The picture, which was one of the largest and finest of the president in existence, was painted in Buffalo and brought to the national convention of 1888 by the Buffalo Democrats, who presented the

NOVEL LAWSUIT.

For Damages and Recover.

portrait to the Cook county Democracy.

CLEVELAND, Dec. 8 .- A novel lawsuit terminated yesterday in the court of common pleas. On Nov. 5, 1894, Humphrey Johnson shot and killed his wife Nellie at their home in Collinwood. near here. Then he committed suicide. Both had children by former marriages. The administrator for the wife's children sued the administrator for the husband's children for \$10,000 damages for the killing of Mrs. Johnson. The jury brought in a verdict for \$8,000.

Mrs. Governor Matthews.

INDIANAPOLIS, Dec. 8 .- The condition of Mrs. Governor Matthews has not changed materially. The governor, Miss Helen Matthews and Mrs. Cortez Ewing of Greensburg were with the paseed and attempted to dispose of it. | tient all of yesterday. The physicians hoped that there would be no return of the hemorrhages which might prove very serious and even fatal, and they watched for any indication of their return, but there was no recurrence of them, and this morning Mrs. Matthews was resting easily.

> Shot His Landlord. PETERSBURG, Ind., Dec. 8.-W. W.

Tucker, a farm tenant, shot Matthew McMurray, his landlord, fatally yesterday. Both emptied their revolvers, but Tucker escaped unhurt. McMurray is MUNCIE, Ind., Dec. 8.—C. H. Over, of Murray of improper intimacy with his the firm of C. H. Over & Co., window- wife and then the shooting began. Tucker surrendered to the authoritie

Carbon Miners at Work,

CARBON, Ind., Dec. 8.—The miners burned in a natural gas explosion yes- at this place are working better than they have for the last two years. All pump. Vincent thoughtlessly struck a the mines around here are putting in panies have orders ahead, and the outlook of the entire winter is very bright.

Schooner Captured.

KINGSTON, Jamaica, Dec. 8. - The schooner Maggie was captured off Annott bay, Jamaica, with arms, ammunition and several prominent Cubans. bound for Cuba, on board. The capture was made by the Jamaican government under the foreign enlistment act.

In Double Irons.

NEWPORT, R. I., Dec. 8 .- Forty apprentice boys who escaped from the navel station here Saturday were tried yesterday and sentenced to 10 days in double irons. The cases of the two mander, who is now in Washington.

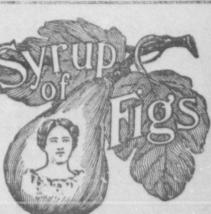
Weather. Indiana - Generally fair; slightly warmer in northern portion. Ohio-Generally fair. Illinois-Cloudy followed by fair

New Indiana Distillery. VINCENNES, Ind., Dec. 8 .- The Interstate Distilling company has been organ-

zed here with \$500,000 capital stock,

and will erect a large distillery at once.

weather; warmer in northern portion.



With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many plays transient nature of the many phys ical ills, which vanish before proper efforts-gentle efforts-pleasant effortsrightly directed. There is comfort the knowledge, that so many forms on sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal elezaliness without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the Cali fornia Fig Syrup Co. only and sold by all reputable druggists.

If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, laxatives or other remedies are then not needed. It afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative one should have the best, and with the

From Your Sincere Friend, Wishing You a Merry Christmas.

\*\*\*\*\* A card like the above, attached to one of the many beautiful Christmas presents now being displayed at Cox's Pharmacy, would make the eyes of the happy recipient sparkle with delight. Pause before the pharmacy window and

AN EARLY SELECTION IS BEST.

Cox's Pharmacy.

Seymour,



At Our Window When Passing.

HOLIDAY GOODS!

IN LARGE VARIETY AT

J. G. LAUPUS,

JEWELERY STORE.

Diamonds, Gold Watches, Solid Silver Novelties, Jewelry

Give us a call. Our prices low. Will be pleased to show our goods. Remember, opposite the postoffice, 

## A GRAND DISPLAY

Christmas Goods

Albums, Books, Booklets, Bibles, Family and Teachers , Building Blocks' A B C Blocks, Dolls in endless variety from 1c to \$5.00, Doll Buggie, Boy's Wagons and into a strife which means nothing more Velocipedes, Hobby Horses, Shoefly Rockers, Gold Pens, life and the utter destruction of the when it meets. Ladies Tcilet Set, Handkerchief and Glove Boxes.

Toys! Toys!

THOUSANDS OF OTHER ARTICLES SUITABLE FOR PRESENTS.

FO. COX.

West Second St

## Great Reduction

Ladies' and Children's CloaksCheap land dismisses the subject with great brevity, yet not without reaffirming our In order to make room for our large stock of Toys for Christmas. Note prices below:

4	1-4-11 wool include
1	lot all wool jackets,
1	lot all wool jackett
	\$2.50.
1	lot all wool cloaks\$2.50.
4	1-6 -looks worth \$5.50 for
	\$6 00
1	lot cloaks worth \$10.00 for
	lot cloaks worth \$6.50 for\$4.75.
1	lot cloaks worth to so for
- 1	1-t sense worth \$4.00 for
	. \$5. 75.
- 1	lot capes worth \$7.50 for
4	1 st sames worth \$0.00 for
1	tot capes worth \$5.00 for
1	lot capes worth \$13.00 for\$9.00.
	the state of the s
me	early and secure these bargains.

Sold only for SPOT CASH. CHAS. R. HOFFMANN. 22 S. CHESTNUT ST.

## MILLER & WILHELM,

Insurance, Real Estate, Rental & Loan Agts-Desirable Property for Sale or Rent.

Call on us for bargains. Business promptly attended to

Office in Opera House Block.

Seymour, Ind.

## READY FOR CHRISTMAS

The largest and most complete up to date stock of everything in the

Jewelry, Watches, Clocks, Silverware and

Optical Line. Don't buy a thing in the Jewelry Line till you

have looked through ou immense stock. No Trouble to Show Goods. Engraving Free.

I am laying away Holiday Press ts daily. Everyrybody invited to call and see oods and learn

prices. Don't forget the place.

110 West Second Street.

W. G. GEILE, Tailor. Cleaning and repairing a specialty. New

work at lowest prices. Satisfaction Guaranteed.

Shop over Tabb's store, corner Chestnut and Tipton streets.

Guns for sale or rent W. A. CARTER & SON.

All guns new and in first class condition.

Headquarters for HUNTERS' SUPPLIES, Game on sale in sea-17 EAST SECOND ST.

LOANS QUICKLY NEGOTIATED at 8 per cent. interest on first-class farms or city property, owing to amount. Money securely invested in 8 and 9 per cent bonds. Elegant building lots and much other valuable property for sale.

Post Office Building, Seymour, Ind. (Call in person or write.)

### Daily Republican.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF SEYMOUR.

[AY C. SMITH, Editors and Publishers. TUESDAY, DECEMBER 8, 1896.

> TERMS OF EUBSCRIPTION. DAILY

ntered at the Seymour, Indiana.P tames at second-class matter.

Year in advance.

#### THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE,

All expectations of a startling message from President Cleveland have come to naught. It is largely a sum mary of affairs in the various departments with very little offered in the way of recommendations.

The chief interest centres in the part of the message referring to Cuba. The announcement is made for the first time officially that our government has proffered its good offices to Spain to bring about a peaceful setttlement of the trouble by offering in case Spain should grant auntonomy to Cuba under certain conditions to provide some kind of a guarantee that the conditions would be observed by the residents of the island. There is a direct warning to Spain in this sentence:

"When the inability of Spain to deal become manifest, and it is demonstrated that her sovereignty is extinct in Cuba for all purposes of its rightful existence, and when a hopeless struggle for its reestablishment has degenerated yery subject matter of the conflict a situation will be presented in which obligations, which we can hardly hesitate to recognize and discharge.

Unless the termination of the war comes speedily the intervention of this government may be expected, but our course of action must "depend upon the precise conditions then exist-

Since Lord Salisbury got the "scoop" of the year. on him in announcing the settlement of the Venezuelan dispute Mr. Cleveland dismisses the subject with great pelief in the Monroe doctrine. The significant sentence is concerning the arbitration treaty with Great Britain in

Negotiations for a treaty of general arbitration for all differences between Great Britain and the United States are far advanced, and promise to reach a

There is somewhat a surprise in the carefully worded defense of the Wilson bill, a measure which only recently he vigorously denounced as a measure of perfidy and dishonor. He urges that the Wilson bill will provide sufficient revenue it let alone, but fails to note the pertinent fact that although the bill has been in operation more than the Wilson bill itself is in large measure which closes American factories throwment can be a success even as a revenue measure for it cuts off just to that ex-American people, curtailing their been issued and \$36,000,000 more money has been borrowed than there is now surplus and gold reserve in the treasury. The idea that the governgovernment and that this deficit must be made up by renewed borrowing of money does not appeal very strongly to the common sense of the average

of the greenbacks from circulation and his discussion of the financial condition of the country will be read with interest

in the light of the recent campaign.

Other parts of the message will be read with interest because the people Amunitionf rsale have been discussing with lively concern the subjects touched by the president and in spite of his accustomed effort to befog his statements beneath a mass of

CASTORIA.

Neuralgia of the Heart



RS SIDLEY, of Torrington, Conn., Suffered from just such a complication of diseases as the extensive experience and investigations of Dr. Miles have proven, result from impairment of the nervous system. Mr. Jas. B. Sidley writes Oct. 25, 1895: "My wife was taken sick with neuralgia of the heart, nervous exhaustion and liver trouble. Although attended by two physicians she grew worse, until she was at death's door. I then began giving her Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine and Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure, and she improved so wonder-

fully from the first Dr. Miles' Heart Cure that I at once dismissed the physicians. She now eats and sleeps well and does Restores 3 her own housework We have recommended your remedies to a great many in our city, and every one has

been very much benefited by them." Dr. Miles' Remedies are sold by all druggists under a positive guarantee, first bottle benefits or money refunded. Book on Heart and Nerves sent free to all applicants. DR. MILES MEDICAL CO, Elkhart, Ind.

THE tin-horn has become too much of nuisance for the people of Indianapolis therefore an ordinance has been successfully with the insurrection has passed to prohibit that means of ratify-

HON. CHAS. W. FAIRBANKS is easily the irst choice of his party in the state for United States senator. The legislature than the useless sacrifice of human should make short work of his election

THE latest reports from Cuba show our obligations to the sovereignty of Weyler is having more trouble than he Spain will be superseded by higher ever anticipated. The American people do not sympathize with him in his

> THE present city council has put down a large number of first class street crossings. These were very greatly needed and will prove a great convenience to the people during this season

THE first number of the Hope Record comes to us a seven column folio iook ing bright and fresh. It is published by Messrs. Leeds and Rosencrans, who have our best wishes for their suc-

THE fifty-fifth congress will have more than the usual number of party representations. There will be repub licans, democrats, populists, fusionists, successful consummation at an early and silverites occupying seats in the

> THE REPUBLICAN to-day publishes President Cleveland's last annual message to congress. It will be read with great interest by the people, ever though the majority may not approve of much that he says.

The preliminary conference of business men at Indianapolis is going in two years there is still a deficit to report the right way. The general aims deat the close of every month and that fined in its proceedings so far are sound and practical. The work the business responsible for this deficit. No law men have undertaken is as vital to the permanent prosperity of the United ing American laborers out of employ- State as anything that has been done since the constitution was undertaken in the midst of the confusion following tent the purchasing power of the the war of independence. It is a large and difficult task. It will take time, ability to supply even the necessaries of and, while the work should be begun at life. His labored argument on this once, haste will do more harm than point is all on the supposition that the good. The very best course to pursue revenues from the Wilson tariff are is to agree upon the general principles paying the expenses of the government. to be applied, and then to appoint a His argument concerning the surplus strong committee with power to call in seems puerile when we consider that all the aid it may require, to study the during this administration bonds have specific recommendations.-New York

Don't be persuaded into buying linments without reputation or merit-Chamberlain's Pain Balm costs no more ment continue with a revenue law that and its merits have been proven by a fails to meet the expenditures of the test of many years. Such letters as the following, from L. G. Bagloy, Hueneme, Cal., are constantly being received: The best remedy for pain I have ever used is Chamberlain's Pain Balm, and I say so after having used it in my family for several years." It cures rheumatism, The President urges the withd rawal lame back, sprains and swellings. For sale by C. W. Milhous, Druggist.

> Advertised Letters. The following is the list of letters re maining in the postoffice at this place and if not called for within 14 days will be sent to the dead letter office:

LADIES Isenberg Warren D Caris Miss Susie Luckey G. W Laime Lizzie Norton Frank Mackey Mrs Vina Howland CC Mize melinda A Howland Mr & Mrs Kay E G

GEO. E. FRICE, P. M. To Care a Cold . 1 as Daf l'ake laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets All druggists refund the money if it fails THE MESSAGE.

SOME VIEWS EXPRESSED.

What Some of the Senators and Representatives Think. Washington, Dec. 8. - Comments on the message were generally favorable to the tenor of the message on Cuban question, though there were some opposing views expressed. A majority of the members of the senate committee on foreign relations excused

themselves from expressing opinions. Mr. Mitchell, (Rep.,) Ore.—The message seems to leave the Cuban situation as he finds it, refraining from any recommendation as to congressional ac-

Mr. Pettigrew, (Rep. S. D.)-It is the first time in our history that an executive ever glorified, as Mr. Cleveland does in the first paragraph of this message, over the success at the polls of his party's opponents. Mr. Pugh (Dem., Ala.)-The message

is sound on Cuba, sound on the tariff and sound on trusts and monopolies.
Mr. Nelson (Rep., Minn.)—It is a fair
statement as regards Cuba.
Mr. Hitt of Illinois, chairman of the

house foreign relations committee, declined to express an opinion, as the subjeet might come before his committee for consideration.

Mr. Heatwole (Rep., Minn.), member of the foreign affairs committee—The president evidently has been impressed with sentiment which has been voiced by the people of the country in regard to Cuba during the congressional recess. Mr. Turner (Dem., Ga.)—said the message was a strong, sturdy document, an appropriate farewell.

Mr. McMillen (Dem., Tenn.) member of the ways and means committee said -I agree with the president in seeing no immediate necessity or excuse for increase of tariff duties.

Mr. Cannon (Rep., Ills.) chairman of the committee on appropriations—The deficits since the beginning of Mr. Cleveland's present administration to Dec. 5, 1896, is \$178,646,000. This has been paid from proceeds of the sale of bonds. "This deficit was \$26,000,000 for the 12 months ending June 30, 1896; but for a little over five months from June 80 to Dec. 5, 1896, the deficit is more than \$40,000,000, which shows that the president's confidence that the present tariff law if allowed a fair opportunity will yield a sufficient revenue, is not well founded."

#### LONDON CHRONICLE.

Spain Couldn't Fight the United States Twenty-Four Hours.

London, Dec. 8 .- On the proposed Cuban settlement, speaking of Cleveland's message, the Chronicle says: "We believe the time has passed when the Cuban insurgents will accept any solution placing Spanish officials over them even nominally. There is no mistake however, about the warning President Cleveland addressed to Spain, and Spanish statesmen should be aware that the Democratic government is far more pacific and conservative in its foreign policy than the coming Republican government is likely to be. Spain has to face a humiliating dilemma, but she could not fight the United States for 24 hours. Therefore she should sell Cuba quickly, but he would be no friend of the United States who would advise her to buy Cuba."

How the English View the Message. LONDON, Dec. 8 .- All the newspapers this morning had editorials on President Cleveland's message. Most of them regard the message as one of rather minor importance, except so far as it concerns the Cuban question, to which phase the bulk of the comment is devoted.

Kicked by a Horse.

AURORA, Ills., Dec. 8 .- Ohran Robbins of Plano, a well known horse dealer, was kicked in the forehead by a horse at Kimball's liverystables, receiving injuries that will prove fatal. The injury is what the surgeons term depressed fracture, and caused the brains to ooke out over the man's forehead in a frightful manner.

Hog Leprosy Prevalent. DELEVAN, Ills., Dec. 8 .- Sixty hogs have died within a few days on the farm of Gilman Bailey, it is believed, from the hog leprosy. Many others of the immense droves on the place are affected.

#### TRI-STATE NOTES.

Fire destroyed Phillips' hall, the oldest brick building in Delevan, Ills. Loss, \$10,000; partially insured.

The First Congregational church at Marietta, O., is celebrating its 106th anni-Rev. W. L. Rutherford has resigned the pastorate of the Baptist church at Mentone, Ind., and will accept a call to Gal-

Burglers looted the general store of Robert Thompson at Zaleski, O., carrying off groceries, boots, shoes, clothing and

John L. Bushnell, son of Governor Bushnell of Ohio, who recently married is lying dangerously ill at his home in

Springfield, O. W. Lowis, editor of the Greenville (Ills.) Advocate, has been appointed private secretary to Lieutenant Governorelect Northcott. M. M. Gray, alias Gordon, purporting to be a wealthy horseman, after two weeks

ojourn at the Hotel Morton, Hammond Ind., quietly disappeared. Some unknown person entered the resi-

dence of Simon Pate, a farmer near Sun-man, Ind., and clubbed Mr. and Mrs. Pate almost into insensibility.

The W. C. T. U. of Noble county, Ind. is actively circulating a petition to be pre-sented to the legislature for the prohibi-

tion of the sale of cigarettes. Walter Savage has been arrested at East St. Louis, Ills., charged with striking John Kuff, a farmer near there, over the head

with a fencerail with intent to kill. Mrs. H. H. Turner of Carbon, Ind., who was an occurant of the insane asylum at Indianapolis some years ago, has again been pronounced insane. She is 80 years Professor Campbell, of the department of physics in Wabash college, Crawfords-ville, Ind., will represent Indiana at the

ninth annual irrigation congress, which meets at Phoenix, A. T., during the holi-Benjamin F. Dragoo Desu. PARKER CITY, Ind., Dec. 8.-Benjamin F. Dragoo, the leading member of the firm of Dragoo & Son of this city, and president of the Parker Natural Gas company is dead of typhoid fever. The deceased was 53 years old.

Swallowed Laudanum. ROCKFORD, Ills., Dec. 8. - D. W commit suicide by taking laudanum. His recovery is doubtful.

BACK ACHE and KHEUMATISM rolle vas

FREE EN SHT JA BUTTONS

AN ELEGANT BUTTON FREE with each package of



AN OPPORTUNITY TO MAKE

CIGARETTES

A COLLECTION OF BUTTONS

WITHOUT COST.

Conractors and Builders.

And Manufacturers, and Dealers in

Sash, Doors, Blinds AND OTHER BUILDING MATERIAL,

Estimates and Plans furnished Eming street, between Third and Fourth.

FIGHT WITH THIEVES.

Ottisens of Adams County Have an Mx-

county. For the past few weeks numworth of valuables, money and meats have been stolen. Citizens were lying In wait for the thieves and early in the morning 15 men were seen to approach a store and begin their work. The alarm was given and a posse was soon on to them. The thieves began shooting and a battle was on. A number of have never yet learned of a single case citizens gave chase, attempting to sur- having resulted in pneumonia. Persons round them in the woods, but the robbers were too well armed and shot their fear an attack of pneumonia, should way out, making their escape. One of the gang Cuthart Brown, was found lying by a log, shot and will die, and others are believed to have been injured. The wounded man is now in jail here. He refuses to tell anything of the gang. Posses, headed by officers, are giving

DOUBLE MURDER. George Deacon Kills His Aged Wife and

Then Himself. PLYMOUTH, Ind., Dec. 8.-Neighbors yesterday made a terrible discovery at the farmhouse of George Deacon, southeast of this city. There they found Mrs. George Deacon, 69 years old, lying dead on a bed. Her face had been pounded into a jelly with a large stove poker. It was surmised that the murderer was Mr. Deacon, and a search for the old man finally resulted in finding his dead body in a wateringtrough. Mr. Deacon was known to be demented, and it is thought that in one of his par- the important philanthropic and indusoxysms he killed his wife and then drowned himself. He was 75 years old and well-to-do. They lived alone and

Highwaymen Shot. CEDAR RAPIDS, Ia., Dec. 8. - Two highwaymen attempted to hold up the agent of the Milwaukee road at Fairfax last night, when the agent opened fire, instantly killing one of the men

were pioneers of this section.

New Indiana Distillery. VINCENNES, Ind., Dec. 8 .- The Interstate Distilling company has been organized here with \$500,000 capital stock,

and will erect a large distillery at once.

"The worst cold I ever had in my life was cured by Chamberlain's Cough Remedy," writes W. H. Norton, of Sutter Creek, Cal. "This cold left me with dollars a year in advance, or less than a a cough and I was expectorating all the cent a day. time. The remedy cured me, and I want all my friends when troubled with trated prospectus to The Outlook, 13 a cough or cold to use it, for it will do Astor Piace, New York City. m good." Sold by C W. Milhous.

#### Bucklen's Arnica Salve

The best salve in the world for Cuts Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheun Fever sores, Tetter, Chapped hands, Shoudy, a local attorney, attempted to Chilbian, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per bottle. For sale by W. F. Peter.

Dr. Miles' Pain Pills cure Neuralgia,

easily contracted, and if left to run its course without the aid of some reliable DECATUR, Ind., Dec. S .- A desperate | cough medicine is liable to result in fight between officers and a gang of that dread disease, pneumonia. We thieves occurred yesterday at Berne this know of no better remedy to cure a cough or cold than Chamberlain's erous robberies have occured in the vie- Cough Remedy. We have used it quite inity of Berne and hundreds of dellars extensively and it has always given entire satisfaction .- Olagah, Ind. Ter.

This is the only remedy that is known to be a certain preventive of pneumo nia. Among the many thousands who have used it for colds and la grippe, we who have weak lungs or have reason to keep the remedy at hand. The 25 and 50 cent sizes are for sale by C. W. Mil-

hous, Druggist. CASTORIA. Weekly The Monthly

Published every Saturday.

13 Astor Plage New York The Outlook will be in 1897, as it has been during each of its twenty-seven years, a history of Our Own Times. In its various editorial departments. The Outlook gives a compact review of the world's progress; it follows with care all trial movemets of the day; has a com plete department of religious news; devotes much space to the interests of the home; reviews current literature; furnishes cheerful table talk about men and things; and, in short, aims to give

and reasonable entertainment. Beginning with the fifty-fifth volume, and wounding the other. The injured he paper will assume the regular magazine size, which will add greatly to its convenience and attractiveness. The Outlook is published every Saturdayfifty-two issues a year. The first issue in each month is an illustrated magaine number, containing about twice as many pages as the ordinary issues, together with a large number of pictures The price of The Outlook is three

fresh information, original observation,

Send for a specimen copy and illus-

Post Office

St. Louis Avenue, WILL DRISCOLL, Proprietor,

BARBER SHOP.

Wright's Celery Tea cures constipa-

OUR STOCK OF

## Fine China and

Dinner Sets, Toilet Sets, Banquet, Vase and Hanging Lamps, is now complete and ready for inspection.

No. 106 W. Second St.

GOLDSTEIN.

The Famous Specialist of Chicago, III.,

Guarantees to Cure Every Case Taken or Money Refunded

Free Consultation and Examination in His Private Parlors at the New Lynn Hotel,

THURSDAY, FRIDAY AND SATUR-

He is recognized as the leading specialist in the state. The Doctor is a regular graduate from the leading colleges in the United States. He has made a special study of the diseases he treats in the largest and best hospitals in the country several years and recognizes no superior in diagnosing and treating chronic diseases of both sexes, and guarantees to cure every case taken.

DAY, DEC, 10, 11 and 12.

He positively cures chronic catarrh, ringing in the ears and deafness. Diseases of the eye, ear, nose, throat and lungs, and kidneys, urinary and biadder troubles, Bright's disease, diabetes, dyspepsia and constipation, rheumatism and paralysis.

EPILEPST OF FITS SUCCESSFULLY

Young and middle aged men suffering from nervous or physical debility, a positive guarantee to cure or money refunded. BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASE

As scrofula. Stricture cured by never failing remedies.

Diseases of women, leucorrhoea and old dis-orders of menstrual periods relieved in a

short time.

The Doctor carries all his portable instruments and comes prepared to examine the most obscure medical and surgical cases.

He undertakes no incurable cases, but cures many that are considered hopeless.

Examination and consultation free, private and confidential,

Correspondence solicited.

d&wiw

## A Sweeping Reduction



### **NEVER EQUALLED.**

Goods Must go Price or no Price.

Our large assortment of WATCHES,

CLOCKS.

The Model.

cock's.

E. M. YOUNG.

Mincemest, buckwheat, maple syrup,

Celery, cabbage, cream cheese, Han-

The best place on earth to buy holi

Everybody is invited to call at S. V.

Harding's mammoth jewelry store and

Perambulate past Cox's pharmacy,

pause before the plate-glass window and

Those who wish goods or clothing of

W. J. Dixon and brother, H. G. Dix-

Awarded

Highest Honors-World's Fair.

·DR:

any kind dyed should call on George L.

business and guarantees his work.

peep in at the presents. It will pay.

day goods is at S. V. Harding's.

learn the latest bottom prices.

SILVERWARE and JEWELRY

Euler, of Indianapolis, A. J. Thomas, Are being turned over to the peopl some at wholesale and some for less Come at once and get choice of a large

Clocks sold on 50 cents a week pay ments. Best repairing done at lowes H. H. Dixon, to his home, on No. 9 last night.

apolis.

Mrs. J. H. Williams and Mrs. Fred Moehler, after a visit to their sister-in-124 South Chestnut Street, Seymour law, Mrs. Harmon Goerbrohmoler returned home last night to Farmers DAILY REPUBLICAN Retreat accompanied by the latter.

Don't fail to see the bargains in dia-

After hearing some friends continually praising Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrrhoea Remedy, Curtis Fleck, of Anaheim; California, purchased a bottle for his own use and is now as enthusiastic over its wonderful Company only. work as anyone can be. The 25 and 50

C. C. Murray, J., M. & I. claim agent was in the city to-day on business.

Fireman M. A. Stubblefield, of the B & O., is here from Washington seeing ANDY SCHAFFER AND JACOB SCHUCK

Line, and wife were in the city this

Americus Donnels' engine having Ohio. been overhauled is now pulling passen

Robert Strowd, of the B. & O. water

ness in his line. Charles Murphy has charge of Ro

Emery's local freight engine. The lat. ter is indisposed. Conductor Samuel Elswick, of the B & O., and wife, of Washington, went this

morning to Cincinnati to testify at the inquest. W. D. Brown went out this morning!

the latter laying off as a witness in the Tarleton, druggist, and used them for Gates' trial to-morrow. Baggeman W. O. Cole, of the E. & T.

H., and wife came here Monday from Evansville to visit his brother, Grant and J. W. Cole and families.

and treasurer of the B. of L. E., has paid Mrs. Henry Wheeler the sum of \$1,500, the amount for which her late Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant. husband was insured.

The B. & O. S. W. Wreck.

The wreck on the B. & O. S. W. near Storrs early yesterday morning is probably more awful than was at first

Three men were killed and sixteen injured. The injuries of some of these are quite serious and may prove fatal. It is not believed that engineer Tom Jones, pulling 22, can recover. Trainmaster Mills of this city, was on the officers' "special" but was not hurt other than some bruises. Brakeman Chas. Chapman, of this city, was also with the "special" and was right badly hurt. His left eye was badly lacerated and his body bruised.

Just who was at fault is not definetely known, but it is believed by many that Conductor Ellswick and Engineer Price either disobeyed or misunderstood ororders. The conductor's statement is awaited with much anxiety.

AFFLICTED.

The condition of J. H. Nolting is unchanged to-day.

Mrs. Stephen Ditchler, of Cortland, is still dangerously sick.

C. J. Leidorf continues to improve

George Loertz was taken quite sick yesterday with his old trouble. Fireman Edward McCann is serious-

ly indisdosed with catarrhal trouble. Mrs. J. W. Holmes, of Cortland, con-

tinues to improve, but she is unable to Miss Minnie Stader is much better and resumed her position in the store

this morning. W. W. Lyous, the baking powder man, cut his right hand last evening with a piece of broken bottle. The wound bled profusely.

Frank Doane was kicked in the breast Mo, came here last evening to visit by one of his horses last night and was badly hurt. It is thought that no bones Mrs. J. H. Wooddell went last even were broken. He is resting easier to-

CHURCH NOTES.

apolis on account of the sickness of his Presiding Elder E. A. Campbell and Rev. W. J. Stewart having concluded quarterly meeting at Azalia and Columhome to Moores Hill this morning.

Football Casualties.

During the past season 125 football layers were more or less hurt while doing service on 'tne "gridison." Four deaths resulted from injuries re eived. McCamment, returned home yesterday. The record shows the game to be more dangerous sport than any sport should after a pleasant visit to Seymour be. The rules should be changed to friends, went this morning to Indian make the game less barbarous or else prohibited altogether.

POLITICAL BREVITIES.

Col. John R. Fellows, district attorney of New York, and ex-congressman, died at his home in New York yester-

Donald McCallum, presidential elector of the Fourth district, received more yotes than any other one on the electoral ticket in Indiana.

DIED

terrible sufferer with stomach trouble, being called for. From the statement died at fifteen minutes of twelve o'clock Tuesday morning, December 8, 1896, aged some forty-eight years. She was a womanly woman and respected by all. A husband and several children survive, who have the tender sympathy of all.

COURT NOTES.

The suit of Ritz against Schill, of Crothersville, on replevin was withdrawn yesterday. J. M. Lewis, Jr., of this city, represented the defendent.

The Modern Mother

Has found that her little ones are improved more by the pleasant Syrup of Figs, when in need of the laxative effect of a gentle remedy than by any other, and that it is more acceptable to them. Children enjoy it and it benefits them. The true remedy, Syrup of Figs, is manufactured by the California Fig] Syrup

Frank Mullen. of Sparksville, William cent sizes for sale by C. W. Milhous, Goecker and Elisha Grimes, of Crothersville, August Goecker, of Dudleytown, Mullen & Lehan, Ford & Cassin Vogel Bros, and George Schwab, of Seynour, were granted liquor licenses yes terday for one year.

Celery Capules,

MARTINSVILLE, IND., May 28, 1896. To the Wright Medical Co., Columbus,

GENTS-I have purchased a box of Tarleton, druggist, and used them for Sunday. indigestion, stomach trouble and constipation. I have been greatly bene- are visiting in the family of Nelse fitted, in fact almost cured with one Sewell. box. It is the best medicine without exception that I have used for my trou-

Yours very truly, ANDY SCHAFFER. MARTINSVILLE, IND., May 18, 1896.

To the Wright Medical Co., Columbus,

GENTS-I have purchased a box of an Harry Flomerfelt's local freight run, Wright's Celery Capsules from W. B. indigestion and constipation. I was greatly benefitted by using them and would not be without them.

Very truly yours, JACOB SCHUCE. Sold by A. J. Pellens, druggist.

To Cure a Cold in One Day Take laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fail Brownstown and report a profitable

east this morning.

W. P. Masters went this morning to osgood on business.

George H. Meyers went this morning to Osgood on business. The wheat continues to grow rapidly

and is very rank and green. Jno William made a business trip to North Vernon this morning.

William Humes went to Paris Crossng this morning on business. Some large and fat cattle were de-

livered in the city to-day to oar dealers. Gus Cordes and J. W. Massman went this morning to Cincinnati on business.

The Dr. A. J. Pellens business house was completed to-day. It will soon be

A. J. Fortman and G. W. Gompers, of Louisville, were business visitors in the

A large amount of white oak logs came in from the west for the Band Saw Works. J. W. Holmes, of Cortland, left this

morning for Frankfort to attend the State Grange. Andy Rinehart Monday began the erection of a four room cottage on Fifth

street for O. S. Guernsey. Smith Sayers, Preston Rider and W. H. Thomas came up this morning from

The Seymour Furniture Factory has closed down for awhile on account of having an overstock of fine goods on

Charles Kirkhoff, of White Creek, is delivering a big lot of fine poplar and walnut lumber to the Seymour Furniture Factory.

Two thousand rabbits were brought here last evening by way of the E. & R. and shipped to Cincinnati by way of

E. C. Becht yesterday moved his Candy Factory in the property lately occupied by Frank Lounsbury as a carpenter shop.

700 pounds of buckwheat flour of his Monday and sold it readily. The Blish Milling company last week

shipped two thousand barrels of their bus came here and the former returned fine patent flour for export. They will ship about the same amount this week.

> his family. He will erect a handsome esidence for himself soon after getting

tory recently destroyed by fire put the entire plant in operation yes

past few days, which were beautiful of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and pleasant. This morning rain set in and fell nearly all day incessantly, putting a stop to outdoor work.

South has been notified that his services will not be needed after January 1st, as he is to be superseded by another man. There are conflicting re-Mrs. Mot Weekly, who has been a ports as to the cause of his resignation made by Secretary Bicknell, of the State Board of Charities it seems that Wood was not regarded as just the man to take charge of the night school

> If the party who took the overgaiters from [Wente's store [yesterday will return the same no questions will be

Leon and Fred Fehring and L. Y Brandt went to Seymour this morning in a buggy and will return to-morrow Columbus Herald.

to put in a number of new telephones in the city within the next few days. An instrument will be put in each of the public school buildings which will prove a great convenience to Supt. Montgomery and his assistants.

rocts. rocts. rocts. Will buy a solid silver thimble at S. V Harding. Engraved free.

brethren here Sunday.

Fred Rust, of Seymour, formerly of this place, spent Friday night here.

Christmas tree at both churches here. Wright's Celery Capsules from W. B. visited the mother of the former over

> Mr. and Mrs. Sweany, of Columbus, George Holman has moved into the

> house lately vacated by Nate Van Cleave . The chicken pox is an epidemic in

the Newkirk school. None are seriously afflicted. Corn gathering season is about over

and the boys are mostly enjoying the Valley, were visiting at |George Robert-

Nathaniel VanCleave has moved his place of residence from here to a place formerly occupied by his brother, Pres. The young people of Honeytown at-

With the Crowds

Christmas Great

Come while the stocks are full and you will have a chance at all of the many Novelties which can be found at no other store.

# We urge our frinds and customers to profit by past experience in Ho-

liday buying and not wait for discomfort and disappointment in the last mad rush. We have plenty of room and will be glad to store away articles bought now and deliver them later on. To mention the numerous presents we have for Ladies, Gentlemen, Children and Infants would be impossible. See our window display and come in and look ar und and see our

Great Holiday Department.

RESPECTFULLY.

# A STRAUSS & CO.

The Silver Wedding

night celebrated in royal style. Over fifty friends and neighbors were present and assisted in the pleasant event, A sumptuous supper was served by Mrs. Binder and her daughter, Olga, assisted by other ladies. These good people were made the recipients of many valuable and useful presents, some of which came from Germany. Mr. and Mrs. Binder were married twenty-five years ago in years later, where they have since resided. They are among our most esteemed people. May the remainder of their useful life be as pleasant as in

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, 88. LUCAS COUNTY.

Frank J. Cheney mades oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. To-day is greatly in contrast with the Cheney & Co., doing business in the city and that said firm will pay the sum of) ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886. A. W. GLEASON,

Notary Public. SEAL Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

\$8.50 Will buy a ladies' gold filled watch at Harding's.

PLEASANT VALLEY.

Miss Myrtle Garris was on the sick

ist a few days last week. The little child of Charley Anderson s again improying in health.

Miss Emma Heller was the guest of Emma Garris over Sunday. Miss Nan Bultman was the guest of

Miss Massie Hayes last Sunday. Mr. Anderson and son, Sam, went to crowd is expected. Freetown one day last week on busi-

Sam 'Hunsucker and daughters, of Vallonia, were visiting Mrs. Sallie

Mrs. Effie Miller, who for sometime has been staying at Vallonia, is again living with her mother here.

Richards last Sunday.

Pete Sensback, the Singer sewing machine agent of Seymour, was seen driving through our vicinity last week.

Miss Ora Ramp is again staying in the family of John Lucas. We are all glad to have her back in our neighbor-

Missês Emma and Theresa Pferrer visited their uncle, Joe Hess, who for some time has been helpless with a stroke of paralysis and is no better.

After Cigarrette Smokers. Many of the W. C. T. U. organizations

of the state are agitating a law to prohibit the manufacture and sale of cigarrettes in the state. They are organzing a lobby to work with our lawmakers in behalf of a bill they are pre-

The grand attraction of our city is now at S. V. Harding's. He has the finest and much the largest stock, and sells the cheapest of any house in the city. Money can be saved by calling at Harding's and don't you forget it.

Dr. Miles' Parn Pills stop Headache

of George Binder and wife was last Not Exactly Given Away BUT YET WE ARE SELLING OUR

> hristmas Goods :-At such close Figures that you can afford to buy them.

New York and came to Seymour three HANDSOME TOILET CASES FROM 65c. UP.

No Trouble to Show you Goods.

IMPORTANT:

Remember that we make a specialty of prescription work. All formulas and family receipts carefully compounded.

W. F. PETER.

hogs last week,

iting relatives here.

Saturday, on business.

SPARKSVILLE.

Starr Brothers shipped a car load of

Miss Pearl Barnett, of Medora, is vis-

David Green, sr., went to Tunnelton

Saturday afternoon prayer meeting

Louis Newkirk and his mother were

Our principal street, the gravel road,

Miss Ada Ribelin, who has been sick

Mrs. James Bennett is at the bedside

The use of simple disinfectants, such

as carbolic acid and burnt sulphur, may

save you from having that dreaded dis

ease, diphtheria in your homes. Try it

J. R. Kent and J. W. Croucher were

in our village Saturday. They report

that on account of the diphtheria the

schools of the township are closed for

Virgil Dixon, of Fort Ritner, was in

our town Monday. Virgil knows how

to entertain the boys [and is always in

our midst. "Virgie" can always give you

the latest in Bill Nye and Josh Billings

Your Boy Won't Live a Month.

So Mr. Gilman Brown, of 34 Mill St.,

South Gardner, Mo., was told by the

doctors. His son had lung trouble, fol-

lowing Typhoid Malaria, and he spent

of her daughter, Miss Tom Lockwood,

who is very low with typhoid fever.

guests of Wm. Dixon, of Reed, Sunday.

is receiving some needed improvement.

for over three months with typhoid

fever, is able to be out again.

parents.

was held at the home of John Stewart.

J. H. Andrews & Co. NO-TO-BAC TOBACCO HABIT

where. Send for our booklet "Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away." written go free sample. Address THE STEXLING REMED & CO., Chicago or New York.

Sold and guarante by W. F. Peter, successor to J. H. Andrews & Co.

D. H. George is on the sick list. Ed Deal and wife, of Kurtz, were on our streets Sunday.

John T. Deal who has been ill for some time, is thought to be some better. J. L. Hinkle has not been running saw mill for some time but will begin this week.

George Botorff who was in a very critical condition for a while. is much better and it is hoped he will recover. "Jack" Ulmer's corn-husker and foddef shredder passed through here last Wednesday on its way to Thos. Foun-

There will be a masquerade birthday party given here next Saturday night. Proceeds to go to Y. P. R. C. A large

Isaac Coe, while feeding Ulmer's cornhusking machine Friday, accidentally Mrs. John Lucas and son, Garry, caught his hand in the cylinder. The visited their many friends at Freetown sugine was stopped immediately but his hand was badly mangled.

SURPRISE

Hog cholera has taken another outbreak. The Methodists are holding pro-

tracted meeting.

Hiram Taylor and wife were the guests of Mrs. Lorance Sunday. Mr. Lorance has recovered from his fall having lost the use of two fingers,

of Nigger hill are being leveled down very rapid ly William Lorance has east his lot with the rest of the bachelors and is learn-

The long-dreaded, short, rugged slopes

ing the feminine art of cooking. Money to Loan and 63 aere farm for J. BALSLEY. ti Beautiful new style clocks at Hard-

For Sale 80 and 50 acre farms. Good sand land, one mile from city. J. A. WEAVER.

CASTORIA For Infants and Children

CASTORIA

three hundred and seventy-five dollars with doctors, who nearly gave him up saying: "Your boy won't live a month."

He tried Dr. King's New Discovery and a few bottles restored him to health and enabled him to go to work a perfectly well man. He says he owes his present good health to the use of Dr. King's New Discovery, and knows it to be the best in the world for Lung trouble. Trial bottles free at Wm. F. Peter's, successor to J. H. Andrews & Co's drug

on, of Ft. Ritner, went to Cincinnati last evening and took charge of the remains of their brother, Homer H., and took them last night to Ft. Ritner, where they were buried at 2 o'clock this afternoon.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free

40 Yours the Standard,

B. E. Hollingsworth, of Rock Island, Ill., is in the city. Miss Jennie Matthews returned last night to Indianapolis.

Dr. Wm. F. Nolting, of Brooklyn, N. Y., is here visiting his sick father. Charles Bush and wife began housekeeping in the home of his mother.

William H. Willman went this morning to Dillsboro to visit his parents. Mrs. M. H. Brock, of near Elnora,

came here last evening to visit friends. Were Wright, after a visit here to but he is still quite weak. friends, returned last night to Colum-

Ky., is the guest of her sister, Miss Kate Horan. Mrs. L. H. Dingley, of Greensburg, came here this morning to visit friends sit up,

Mrs. Jack McLaughlin, of Covington,

and relatives. Mrs. C. C. Kelso went last evening to Hayden to visit her father, J. L. Ken-

H. B. Guthrie, of Anderson, and James K. Price, of Akron, O,, were in the city last night. Mrs. L. H. Minter, of Jefferson City,

drick and family.

friends and relatives. ing to Holton to visit her mother, Mrs. day. Mary Doran and family.

grandpa, Michael Youtsey. Mrs. Theodore Haufe, of Indianapolis, is the guest of her sister, Mrs George Binder, and family.

Miss Victoria Eckstein, of Loogootee,

came here last evening to visit her

Clarence Blythe is home from Indian-

aunt, Mrs. Jack Cassin, and family. Jefferson McQuillan, of Lexington, aster a visit to her aunt, Mrs. Martin Mrs. Carrie Brown, of Louisville,

Cummings, of Indianapolis, H. B. Dale and L. W. Cloud and wife, of Louisville, are in the city. Mrs. Louis Propp, of Chicago and Mrs. Samuel Cole, of Surprise, are here

to attend the funeral of their mother,

S. P. Massman, of Ft. Wayne, J. O.

Mrs. Susan Hollar. Lincoln Ruddick, of Kansas, and Thomas Carr, of Medora, came here to attend the funeral of Jacob M. Ruddick, father of the former.

of Quigna, O., and Louis Krusee, of Cincinnati, are in the city to day. Clark, Thomas, Virgil and Arthur Dixon, of Ft. Ritner, came here and ac companied the remains of their cousin.

Silas Patton, of New York, A. P.

monds at S. V. Harding's.

RAILROAD RUMBLINGS

Attkisson, who fully understands his the boys. G. W. Indus, of the Illinois Central

supply, was in the city Monday on busi-

Engineer Daniel Lester, secretary

RUSINESS NOTES. Jerry Anderson made a business trip

Crothersville on business.

the B. & O.

Joseph Ryan, of Stouts Mill, brought own raising and manufacture, here

James Gahn came here from Columbus to rent property into which to move

Henry Bowman, of Langdon, having the past. completed his stave and heading fac-

Chaplain Wood to Retire, C. E. Wood, chaplain of the Prison

asked. Otherwise the matter will be nvestigated.

with a dog, preparatory to take a hunt. Leininger & Reynolds are arranging

HONEYTOWN. Rev. Tone preached to the M. E.

arrangements are being made for James Wayman and wife, of Ewing,

hunting season. Frank Dowden and wife, of Pleasant con's over Sunday.

tended farmers' institute last week at

### NO COMFORT FOR CUBA

to Insurgents.

ANNUAL MESSAGE TO CONGRESS.

Executive's Views on the Various Subjects Which Are Before the People of the Country.

#### RETIREMENT OF THE GREENBACKS

Is Pointed Out as the Remedy to Straighten Out the Financial Question-The Venexuela Boundary Question Has Now Ceased To Be a Matter of Difference Between This Country and Great Britain-The Wilson Tariff Bill Favored by the President - Other Subjects of Interest Touched Upon.

Washington, Dec. 7.—Following is the final message of President Cleve-

and to congress: To the Congress of the United States: As representatives of the people in the legislative branch of their government you have assembled at a time when the strength and excellence of our free institutions and the fitness of our citizens to enjoy popular rule have been again made manifest. A political contest involving momentous consequences, fraught with feverish apprehension, intense and creating aggressiveness so intense as to approach bitterness and passion en waged throughout our land and determined by the decree of free and independent suffrage without disturbance of our tranquillity or the least sign of weakness in our national struct-ure. When we consider these incidents and contemplate the peaceful obedience and manly submission which have succeeded a heated clash of political opinions we discover abundant evidence of a determination on the part of our countrymen to abide by every verdict of the popular will, and to be controlled at all times by an abiding faith in the agencies established. Thus our people exhibit a patriotic disposition which entitles them to demand of those who undertake to make and execute their laws such faithful and unselfish service in their behalf as can only be prompt ed by a serious appreciation of the

Refers to the Unspeakable Turk. The president then says that in obedience to constitutional requirement he tional affairs with such suggestions as his judgment approves, and that he shall omit details regarding domestic and foreign matters that are contained in departmental and other reports sub-mitted to congress. He then refers to Turkey and the Armenians, stating that he would like to assure congre that the European powers having treaty rights to interfere had miti-gated the shocking features of the situ-ation. This he says has not been done and that reports of bloody butcheries are still all too frequent. With refer ence to our own action he says we have left nothing undone to protect those coming under our care, and that our efforts will not be relaxed.

trust and confidence which the accept ance of public duty invites.

The claim of American citizens for indemnity for loss of property will be pressed, although the validity of these demands has not been admitted by Turkey, in spite of the strongest evi-dence of the actual complicity of Turk ish soldiers in the destruction. Happily no American life has been taken. He

closes as follows on the subject:

I do not believe that the present somber prospect in Turkey will be long permitted to offend the sight of Christendom. It so mars the humane and enlightened civilization that belongs to the close of the nineteenth century that it seems hardly possible that the earnest demand of good people throughout treatment will remain unanswered

#### TACKLES THE CUBAN QUESTION. Not Much Comfort for the Followers of Maceo and Gomez. The president then takes up the Cu-

ban question, and says: insurrection in Cuba still con tinues with all its perplexities. It is difficult to see that any progress has thus far been made towards the pacifi-cation of the island or that the situation of affairs as depicted in my last annual message has in the least im-proved. If Spain still holds Havana and the seaports and all the considerable towns, the insurgents still roam at will over at least two-thirds of the inland country. If the determination of Spain to put down the insurrection seems but to strengthen with the lapse of time, and isevinced by her unhesiof time, and is evinced by her unhesi-military and naval forces to the task there is much reason to believe that the insurgents have gained in point of numbers and character and resources, and are none the less inflexible in their

resolve not to succumb without practically securing the great objects for which they took up arms.

If Spain has not yet re-established her authority, neither have the insurgents yet made good their title to be regarded as an independent state. Indeed, as the contest has gone on the pretense that civil government exists on the island, except so far as Spain is able to maintain it, has been practically abandoned. Spain does keep or foot such a government, more or less imperfectly, in the large towns and their immediate suburbs. But that exception being made, the entire country subject to the military occupation of one or the other party. It is reported indeed, on reliable authority that a the demand of the commander-in-chie of the insurgent army the putative Cuban government has now given up all attempt to exercise its functions leaving that government confessed!; (what there is the best reason for sup a government merely on paper. Were the Spanish armies able to meet their antagonists in the open or pitched bat-tle prompt and decisive results might be looked for, and the immense superiordiscipline and equipments could hardly fail to tell greatly to their advantage. tut they are called upon to face a for that shuns general engagements, that can choose and does choose its own ground, that from the nature of the country is visible or invisible at pleasure, and that fights only from ambus cade, and when all the advantage o position and numbers are on its side in a country where all that is indis pensable to life in the way of food clothing and shelter is so easily ob tainable, especially by those born and bred on the soil, it is obvious that there is hardly a limit to the time during which hostilities of this sort may be

come more frequent and more deplora-They are also participated in by name of one party and now in the name of the other, as may best suit and plunder its wretched inhabitants

prolonged. Meanwhile, as in all cases of protracted civil strife, the passions of

for their own advantage. Such a condition of things would inevitably entail immense destruction of property, even if it was the policy of both parties to prevent it as far as practicable. But while such seemed to be the original policy of the Spanish government in has now apparently absoluted it. has now apparently abandoned it, ar insurgents, namely: that the exigencies of the contest require the wholesale annihilation of property that it may not prove of use and advantage of the

president then goes on to say that the result of this policy will be the in of the entire island, and refers to our money interest in Cuba, esti-mated at from \$30,000,000 to \$50,000,000; also to the difficulty and cost of pre

sympathies all with the rebels, together with the continual appeals for the protection by the United States of Cuban-Americans. He says that the United States has been very forbearing in the matter, and that no other nation would President Holds Out Little Hope have stood off so long. He continues as

It was at first proposed that belligerent rights should be a corded to the insurgents—a proposition no longer urged because untimely and in practical operation olearly perilous and injurious to our own interests. It has since been and is now sometimes contended that the independence of the insurgents should be recognized. But imperfect and restricted as the Spanish government on the island may be no other exists there—unless the will of the military officer in temporary command of a particular district can be dignified as a species of government. It is now also suggested that the United States should buy the island—a suggestion possibly worthy of consideration if there were any evidence of a desire or willingness on the part of Spain to entertain such a proposal. It is urged finally, that all a proposal. It is urged finally, that an other metods failing, the existing internecine strife in Cuba should be terminated by our intervention, even at the cost of a war between the United States and Spain—a war which its advocates confidently prophesy could be neither large in its proportions nor depictful in its issue. doubtful in its issue.

The correctness of this forecast need be neither affirmed nor denied. United States has nevertheless a character to maintain as a nation, which plainly dictates that right and not might should be the rule of its conduct \* \* \*

Proceeding the president refers to the determination of Spain to insist that the rebels shall lay down their arms before she grants the reforms which he gives her credit for being willing to grant, and thinks that determination

not reasonable and adds:

It was intimated by this government to the government of Spain some months ago that if a satisfactory measure of home rule were tendered the Cu-ban insurgents and would be accepted by them upon a guaranty of its execuion, the United States would endeavor o find a way not objectionable to Spair of furnishing such guaranty. While no definite response to this intimation has yet been received from the Spanish government, it is believed to be not altogether unwelcome, while no reason is perceived why it should not be approved by the insurgents. \* \* \*

Whatever circumstances may arise our policy and our interests would constrain us to object to the acquisition of the island or the interference with its control by any other power. It should be added that it cannot be reasonably ssumed that the hit erto expectant attitude of the Unite Lates will be indefinitely maintained \* \* \* When the inability of Spain to deal success fully with the insurrection has become manifest, and it is demonstrated that her sovereignty is extinct in Cuba for all purposes of its rightful existence, and when a hopeless struggle for its re-establishment has degenerated into a strife which means nothing more than the useless sacrifice of life and the utter destruction of the very subject matter of the conflict, a situation will presented in which our obligations to the sovereignty of Spain will be superseded by higher obligations, which ve can hardly hesitate to recognize

and discharge.

Deferring the choice of ways and methods until the time for action arrives, we should make them depend upon the precise conditions then existng; and they should not be deter-mined upon without giving careful need to every consideration involving our honor and interest, or the internaonal duty we owe to Spain. Until w face the contingencies suggested, or the situation is by other incidents im peratively changed, we should continu n the line of conduct heretofore pur ued, thus in all circumstances exhib ting our obedience to the requirements of public law and our regard for the duty enjoined upon us by the position we occupy in the family of nations.

#### VENZUELAN BOUNDARY QUESTION. An Incident That Is Nearly Closed - Some Talk About Seals.

The Venezuelan boundary question has ceased to be a matter of difference between Great Britain and the United States, their respective governments having agreed upon the substantial rovisions of a treaty between Great Britain and Venezuela submitting the whole controversy to arbitration. The provisions of the treaty are so eminent v just and fair, that the assent of Venezuela thereto may confidently be an ticipated. Negotiations for a treaty of general arbitration for all differences etween Great Britain and the United States are far advanced and promise to reach a successful cansummation at an early date.

With the foregoing the whole sub-ject is dismissed and the president takes up the subject of reform in the consular service, which he advocates on merit system lines, and also urges the providing of residences for our ambassadors abroad. Then he takes up the seal question and says:

have during the past year lapored fathfully and against unfavorable conditions to secure better preservation of seal life in the Behring sea oth the United States and Great Brit ain have lately dispatched commission rs to these waters to study the habits and condition of the seal herd and the causes of their rapid decrease. Upor oon to be submitted, and with the exercise of patience and good sense on the part of all interested parties, it is earnestly hoped that hearty co-opera on may be secured for the protectio against threatened extinction of seal life in the northern Pacific and Behring

#### SUBJECT OF GREAT INTEREST Takes Up the Tariff and Argues in Favor of the Wilson Bill.

The president next takes up domestic nances and prefaces his suggestion with a statement of the national bal ance sheet, and of collecting the rev nue, exports of gold and imports same, together with the production of precious metals at home and abroad He shows a deficit for the year of \$25, 03,245.70. He then refers to all the de partments of government in turn and inally takes up the tariff as follows:

I desire to recur to the statements elsewhere made concerning the governments's receipts and expenditures fo suggestions touching our present tariff law and its operation. This statute took effect on the 26th day of August, 1894. Whatever may be its shortcomings as

a complete measure of tariff reform it must be conceded that it has opened the way to a freer and greater exchange of commodities between us and other ountries, and thus furnished a wider market for our products and manu-The only entire fiscal year factures. ng which this law has been in force ed on the 30th day of June, 1896. In that year our imports increased over the combatants grow more and more inflamed and excesses on both sides beose of the previous year more than 500,000, while the value of the domestic products we exported and which found markets abroad was nearly \$70,-000,000 more than during the preceding

> Those who insist that the cost to our ople of articles coming to them from road for their needful use should only increased through tariff charges to an extent necessary to meet the ex-penses of the government, as well as hose who claim that tariff charges may be laid upon such articles beyond the necessities of government revenue, and with the additional purpose of so in-creasing their price in our markets as to give American manufacturers and producers better and more profitable opportunities, must agree that our tariff laws are only primarily justified as sources of revenue to enable the povernment to meet the necessary expenses of its maintenance. of its maintenance. Considered as to its sufficiency in this respect the present law can by no means fall under just condemnation. During the only complete fiscal year of its operation it has yielded nearly \$8,000,000 more revenue than was received from tariff duties in

There was, nevertheless, a deficit between our receipts and expenditures of a little more than \$25,000,000. This, of a little more than \$25,000,000. This, however, was not unexpected. The situation was such in December, seven months before the close of the fiscal year, that the secretary of the treasury foretold a deficiency of \$17,000,000. The great and increasing apprehension and timidity in business circles and the depression in all activities intervening since that time resulting from causes ince that time, resulting from causes perfectly well understood and entirely disconnected with our tariff law or its operation, seriously checked the imports we would have otherwise received, and readily account for the difference between this estimate of the secretary and the actual deficiency, as well as for a continued deficit. Indeed, it must be confessed that we could hardly have had a more unfavorable period than the last two years for the collection of tariff revenue. We can ot reasonably hope that our recuperation from this business depression will be sudden, but it has already set in with a promise of acceleration and con-

r may occur need excite or disturb us. To meet any such deficit we have in the treasury, in addition to a gold reserve of \$100,000,000, a surplus of more than \$128,000,000 applicable to the payment of the expenses of the government, and which must, unless expend-

ed for that purpose, remain a useless hoard, or if not extravagantly wasted must in any event be perverted from the purpose of its exaction from our The payment, therefore, of any deficiency in the revenue from this fund is nothing more than its proper and legitimate use.

The government thus applying a surplus fortunately in its treasury to the payment of expenses not met by its current revenues is not at all to be likened to a man living beyond his income and thus incurring debt or encroaching on its principal. It is not one of the functions of our government to accumulate and make additions to a fund not needed for immediate expen-diture. With individuals it is the chief object of struggle and effort. The application of an accumulated fund by the government to the payment of its running expenses is a duty. An individual living beyond his income and embarrassing himself with debt, or drawing upon his accumulated fund of drawing upon his accumulated fund of principal is either unfortunate or im-provident. The distinction is between a government charged with the duty of expending for the benefit of the peo-ple and for proper purposes all the oney it receives from any source, and the individual who is expected to mani-fest a natural desire to aviod debt or to accumlate as much as possible, and to live within the income derived from such accumulations, to te end that they may be increased, or at least remain unimpaired for the future use and enjoyment of himself and the ob-jects of his love and affection who may

It is immeasurably better to appropriate our surplus to the payment of justifiable expenses than to allow it to come an invitation to reckless appropriations and extravagant expenditures. I suppose it will not be denied that under the present law our people obtain the necessaries of a comfortable existence at a cheaper rate than formerly. This is a matter of supreme importance, since it is the palpable duty f every just government to make the urdens of taxation as light as possi-le. The people should not be required relinquish this privilege of cheap living except under the stress of their government's necessity made plainly

### DISCUSSES FINANCIAL AFFAIRS

And Repeats That the Remedy Is the Retirement of Greenbacks.

This reference to the condition and prospects of our revenues naturally suggests an allusion to the weakness financial methods. frequently pressed They have been the attention of congress in previous executive communications he inevitable danger of their continued oleration pointed out. Without nov repeating these details I cannot refrain repeating these details I cannot refrain from again earnestly presenting the necessity of the prompt reform of a system opposed to every rule of sound finance, and shown by experience to be frought with the grayest peril and preraught with the gravest peril and per plexity. The terrible civil war which shook the foundations of our government more than thirty years ago prought in its train the destruction of property, the wasting of our coun-ry's substance and the estrangement brethren. orgotten. Even the distressing loss of life the conflict entailed is but a saced memory, which fosters patriotic entiment and keeps alive a tender reard for those who nobly died.

And yet there remains with us today, full strength and activity, as an inident of that tremendous struggle, a ature of its financial necessities not nly unsuited to our present circumstances but manifestly a disturbing menace to business security and an ever-present agent of monetary dis-ress. Because we may be enjoying a mporary relief from its depressing induence, this should not lull us into a alse security nor lead us to forget the uddenness of past visitations. I am more convinced than ever that we can have no assured financial peace and safety until the government currency obligations upon which gold may be demanded from the treasury are withlrawn from circulation and cancelled. This might be done, as has been here-ofore recommended, by their exchange long term bonds bearing a low rate f interest, or by their redemption with he proceeds of such bonds. Even if only the United States notes

tired it is probable that the treasury

notes issued in payment of silver purchases under the act of July 14, 1890, now paid in gold when demanded, would not create much disturbance, as they might from time to time, when received in the treasury by redemption n gold or otherwise, be gradually and rudently replaced by silver coin. This plan of issuing bonds for the purpose of redemption certainly appears to be the most effective and direct path to the needed reform. In default of this, however, it would be a step in the right direction if currency obligations redeemable in gold, whenever so re-deemed, should be cancelled instead of being reissued. This operation would be a slow remedy, but it would improve present conditions, National banks should redeem their own notes. They should be allowed to issue circu-ation to the par value of bonds deposited as security for its redemption, and the tax on their circulation should be reduced to one-fourth of 1 per cent. In considering projects of the retire-

ment of United States notes and treas-ury notes issued under the law of 1890, I am of the opinion that we have placed too much stress upon the danger of contracting the currency, and have calculated too little upon the gold that would be added to our circulation if invited to us by better and safer inancial methods. It is not so much hould be avoided as its unequal dis-This might be obviated, and any fear of harmful contraction at the same time removed, by allowing the organization of smaller banks in less opulous communities than are now permitted, and also authorizing exist-ing banks to establish branches in small communities under proper re-

The entire case may be presented by the statement that the day of sensible and sound financial methods will not dawn upon us until our governmen abandons the banking business and the accumulation of funds, and confines its monetary operations to the receipt of the money contributed by the people for its support, and to the expenditure of such money for the people's benefit. Our business interests and all good cit-izens long for rest from feverish agitation, and the inauguration by the government of a reformed financial policy

Statistics Given by the President. The statistics of national income and

outgo, etc., given by the president are as follows: The secretary of the treasury reports that during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1896, the receipts of the government from all sources amounted to \$409,475,-408.78. During the same period its expenditures were \$434,678,654.48, the excess of expenditures over receipts thus amounting to \$25,203,245.70. The ordimary expenditures during the year were \$4,015,852.21 less than during the preceding fiscal year. Of the receipts mentioned there was derived from customs the sum of \$180,021,751.67, and from internal revenue \$146,830,635.66. The receipts from customs show an increase of \$7,863,134.22 over those from the same

source for the fiscal year ended June 30,1895, and the receipts from internal revenue an increase of \$3,584,537.91.

The value of our imported dutiable merchandise during the last fiscal year was \$369,757,470, and the value of free goods imported \$409,967,470, being an increase of \$6,523,675 in the value of dutiable goods and \$41,231,034 in the value of free goods over the preceding year. Our exports of merchandise, foreign and do-mestic, amounted in value to \$882,606,-938, being an increase over the preceding year of \$75,068,773. The average ad valorum duty paid on dutiable goods imported during the year was 39.94 per cent., and on free and dutiable goods taken together 20.55 per cent.

The cost of collecting our internal revenue was 2.78 per cent., as against June 30, 1895. The total production of distilled spirits, exclusive of fruit brandies, was 88,588,703 taxable gallons, being an increase of 6,639,108 gallons over the preceding year. There was also an increase of 1,443,676 gallons of spirits produced from fruit, as compared with the preceding year. The number of bar-rels of beer produced was 35,859,250, as against 33,589,784 produced in the preceding fiscal year, being an increase of 2,269,466 barrels.

The total amount of gold exported during the last fiscal year was \$112,409,-947 and of silver \$60,541,670, being an increase of \$45,941,466 of gold and \$13,-246,384 of silver over the exportations of the preceding fiscal year. The imports gold were \$33,525,065 and of silver 8,777,186, being \$2,589,695 less of gold and \$8,566,007 more of silver than dur-ing the preceding year. The total stock of metallic money in the United States at the close of the last fiscal year, ended on the 30th day of June, 1896, was \$1,228,326,035, of which \$599,597,964 was in gold, and \$628,728,071 in silver. On the 1st day of November, 1896, the total stock of money of all kinds in the country was \$2,285,410,590 and the amount in circulation, not including that in the treasury holdings, was \$1,-627,055,641, being \$22.63 per capita upor an estimated population of 71,902,000. The production of the precious metals

in the United States during the calendar year 1895 is estimated to have been 2,254,760 fine ounces of gold, of the value of \$46,610,000, and 55,727,000 fine ounces of silver, of the commercial value of \$36,445,000 and the coinage value of \$72,051,000.

The estimated production of these metals throughout the world during the same period was 9,688,821 fine ounces of gold, amounting to \$200,285,700 in value, and 169,189,249 fine ounces of sil ver, of the commercial value of \$110, 654,000 and of the coinage value of \$218, 738,100 according to our ratio.

These coinage of these metals in the various countries of the world during the same calendar year amounted to \$232,701,438 in gold and \$121,996,219 in sil-

ver. The total outstanding circulating notes of all national banks on the 31st day of October, 1896, amounted to \$234, 553,807, including unredeemed but fully secured notes of banks insolvent and in process of liquidation. The increase in national bank circulation during the year ending on that day was \$21,099,-429. On Oct. 6, 1896, when the condition of national banks was last reported, the total resources of the 3,679 active institutions was \$3,263,685,313.83, which included \$1,893,268.839.31 in loans and discounts and \$362,165,738.85 in money of all kinds on hand. Of their liabilities \$1,597.891.058.03 was due to individties \$1,597,891,058.03 was due to individ ual depositors and \$209,944,019 consiste

#### of outstanding circulating notes. TAKES A WHACK AT TRUSTS.

Recommends That Congress Legislate for Their Control.

Another topic in which our people rightfully take a deep interest may be here briefly considered. I refer to the existence of trusts and other huge aggregations of capital the object of which is to secure the monopoly of some particular branch of trade, industry or commerce, and so stifle wholesome competition. When these are defended it is usually on the ground that though they increase profits they also reduce prices and thus may benefit the public the property the property that the prope ic. It must be remembered, however, that a reduction of prices to the peo-ple is not one of the real objects of these organizations, nor is their ten-dency necessarily in that direction. If it occurs in a particular case it is only because it accords with the purpose

or interest of those managing the

Such occasional results fall far short of compensating the palpable evils charged to the account of trusts and monopolies. Their tendency is to crush out individual independence and hinder or prevent the free use of hu-man faculties and the full development of human character. Through them the farmer, the artisan and the small trader is in danger of dislodgement from the proud position of being his own master, try's prosperity, in which he has an individual lot, and interested in all that affects the advantages of business which he is a factor, to be relegated to the level of a mere appurtenance to a great machine, with little free will, with no duty but that of passive obedience, and with little hope or opportunity of rising in the seale of responsible and helpful citizenship.

To the instinctive belief that such is the inevitable trend of trusts and more provided in the the wide spread and

opolies is due the wide-spread and deep-seated popular aversion in which they are held, and the not unreasonable insistence that, whatever may be their incidental economic advantages, their general effect upon personal char acter, prospects and usefulness can not be otherwise than injurious. Though congress has attempted to deal with this matter by legislation, the laws passed for that purpose thus far have proved ineffectual, not because of any lack of disposition or attempt to enforce them, but simply because the laws themselves as interpreted by the courts do not reach the difficulty. If the in-sufficiencies of existing laws can be emedied by further legislation it should

It should be recognized, however, that all federal legislation on this subject may fall short of its purpose be-cause of inherent obstacles, and also because of the complex character of our government system, which, while making the federal authority supreme within its sphere, has carefully limited that fear by metes and bounds which cannot be transgressed. The decision of our bigliest of our highest court on this precise question renders it quite doubtful whether the evils of the trusts and monopolies can be adequately treated through federal action, unless they seek directly and purposely to include the their philodisk transportation or interin their objects transportation or inter-course between states, or between the United States and foreign countries.

It does not follow, however, that this is the limit of the remedy that may be applied. Even though it may be found that federal authority is not broad enough to fully reach the case, there can be no doubt of the power of the several states to act effectively in the premises, and there should be no rea son to doubt their willingness to judic

#### iously exercise such power. REFERS TO VARIOUS SUBJECTS Some Remarks on Pensions, the Navy, Fortifications, Etc.

The diminution of our enormous pension roll and the decrease of pension ex-penditure which have been so often confidently foretold, still fail in ma-

sioners on the rous at the or 30, 1896, Was 970.678. This is the largest number ever reported. The amount paid exclusively for the pensions during the year was \$138,214,761.94, a slight decrease from that of the preceding year, while the total expenditures on account of pen-sions, including the cost of maintaining the department and expenses at-tending pension distribution amounted to \$142,206,550.59, or within a very small fraction of one-third of the entire expense of supporting the government during the same year. The number of nsion certificates issued was 90,-640. Of these, 40,374 represent original allowances of claims and 15,878 increase

of existing pensions.

The number of persons receiving pensions from the United States, but residing in foreign countries at the close of the last fiscal year was 3,781, and the amount paid to them during the year was \$582,735.38. The sum appropriated for the payment of pensions for the current fiscal year ending June 30, 1897, is \$140,000,000, and for the succeeding year it is estimated that the same amount will be necessary. The commissioner of pensions reports that during the last fiscal year 339 indictments were found against violators of the successful year successful years. the pension laws. Upon these indictments 157 convictions resulted.

In my opinion based upon such statements as these and much other information and observation, the abuses which have been allowed to creep into our pension system have done incalcu-lable harm in demoralizing our people and rendering good citizenship. I have endeavored within my sphere of official duty to protect our pension roll and make it what it should be, a roll of honor, containing the names of tho disabled in their country's service and

worthy of their country's affectionate

remembrance. When I have seen those who pose the soldiers' friends active and alert in urging greates laxity and more reckless pension expenditure, while nursing selfish schemes, I have deprecated the approach of a situation when necess-ary retrenchment and enforced econny may lead to an attack upon pension abuses, so determined as to overlook the discrimination due to those who, worthy of a nation's care, ought to live and die under the protection of a nation's gratitude. The secretary calls attention to the public interests involved in an adjustment of the obligations of the Pacific railroads to the government. I deem it to be an important duty to especially present this subject to the consideration of the con-

The organizd militia numbers 112.879 men. The appropriations for its sup-port by the several states approximate \$2,600,000 annually and \$400,000 is contributed by the federal government Investigation shows these troops to be usually drilled and inspired with much usually drilled and inspired with much military interest, but in many instances they are so deficient in proper arms and equipment that a sudden call to active duty would find them inadequately prepared for field service. I therefore recommend that prmopt measures be taken to remedy this condition and that proper measures are the controlled the condition and that controlled the condition and the controlled that controlled the condition are controlled to the condition are controlled to the condition and the condition are controlled to the condition are controlled to the condition are controlled to the condition are conditionally are conditionally as a condition are conditionally as a conditional are conditional are conditionally as a conditional are conditionally as a conditional are conditionally as a conditional are conditional are conditionally as a conditional are conditionally as a conditional are conditiona dition and that every encouragemen be given to this deserving body of un paid and voluntary citizen soldiers upon wohse assistance we must largely in time of trouble.

During the past year rapid progress has been made to ward the comple-tion of the scheme adopted for the erection and armament of fortification along our seacoast, while equal prog ress has been made in providing the material for submarine defense in connection with these works. \* \* \* The experience and results of the past year demonstrates that with a continuati of present careful methods the cost of the remaining work will be much less

than the original estimate. The construction of vessels for our new navy has been energetically proecuted by the present administration upon the general lines previous adoptd, the department having seen r necessity for radical changes in prio methods under which the work wa found to be progressing in a manne highly satisfactory. It has been de cided, however, to provide in every shi building contract, that the builder should pay all trial expenses and i has also been determined to pay no speed premiums in the future contracts. Right new unarmored cruisers and two gioned. The Iowa, another battleship,

will be completed about March 1, and ar least four more gunboats will be ready for sea in the early spring.

It is gratifying to state that our ships and their outfits are believed to be equal to the best that can be manufactured elsewhere, and that such not their cost, as to justify the statement that quite a number of vessels are now those that prevail in European ship

It is most gratifying to noe the sat isfactory results that have followed the inauguration of the new system provided for the act of May 28, 1893, under which certain federal officials are compensated by salaries instead of fees. The new plan was put in operation of the 1st day of July, 1896, and already the great economy it enforces, its prevention of abuses, and its tendency t a better enforcement of the laws, are strikingly apparent. Detailed evidence but now happily accomplished reform will be found clearly set forth in the

attorney general's report.

Our postoffice department is in good condition, and the exhibit made of its operations during the fiscal year ended June 30,1896, if allowance is made for imperfections in the laws applicable to it is very satisfactory. The total receipts during the year were \$82,499,208. 40. The total expenditures were \$90, 626,296.84, exclusive of \$1,559,898.27, which was earned by the Pacific railroad for transportation and credited on their debt to the government. There was an increase of receipts over the previous year of \$5,516,080.21, or 7.1 per cent, and an increase of expenditures of \$3,836,

124.02, or 4.42 per cent.

The number of emigrants arriving in the United States during the fiscal year was 343,267, of whom 340,468 were permitted to land, and 2,799 were debarred on various grounds prescribed by law and returned to the countries whence they came at the expense of the steamship company by which they were brought in. The increase in immigration over the preceding year amounted to 84,131. It is reported that with some exceptions the immigrants of the past year were of a hardy la-boring class, accustomed and able to earn a support for themselves, and it is estimated that the money brought with them amounted to at least \$5,000,000. Though it was probably much in excess of that sum since only those having less than \$30 are required to dis close the exact amount and it is known that many brought considerable sums

of money to buy land and build homes.
Including al the immigrants arriving
who were over 14 years of age, 28.63
per cent. were illiterate as against 20.37 per cent, of those of that age arriving during the preceding fiscal year. There arrived from Japan during the year only 1,110 immigrants, and it is the opinion of the immigration authorities that the apprehension heretofore existing to some extent of a large immi-gration from Japan to the United States is without any substantial foundation.

In concluding this communication its last words shall be an appeal to the congress for the most rigid economy in the expenditure of the money it holds in trust for the people. The way to perplexing extravagance is easy, but a return to frugality is difficult. When, return to frugality is difficult. When, however, it is considered that those who bear the burdens of taxation have no guarantee of honest care save in the fidelity of their public servants, the possible retrenchment is plainly manifest.
When our differences are forgotten

and our contests of political opinion are no longer remembered, nothing in the retrospect of our public service will be retrospect of our public service will be as fortunate and comforting as the rec-ollection of official duty well performed, and the memory of a constant devotion to the interests of our confiding fellowcountrymen. GROVER CLEVELAND

ON THE EVE OF THE SESSION.

Influx of Statesmen at the Hotels-Mark Hanna the Central Figure. That Sunday was the eve of a new session of congress was apparent in the Washington hotels, which are always barometers of political activity under the dome. Senators and members com ing to the city by every train, reinforced by the attaches and lookers-on

of congress, were drifting into the lobbles, greeting one another like school boys after a vacation with much hand shaking, with reminiscences of the campaign and many explanations of how their re-elections or defeats had been brought about. There was comparatively small interest in the work of the coming congress itself apart from the president's message, but clouds of speculation were afloat dealing with the policies of the new administration to be inaugurated on the 4th of March, and with the personnel of the cabinet.

It was unanimously conceded that the Republican programme was to ig nore the Dingley tariff bill and to summon an extra session of congress for the 15th of March, for the purpose of passing a new tariff measure. Curlosity was expressed over what reference if any President Cleveland might make to the issues and the result of the presidential campaign, and particularly as to his policy upon the Cuban question.

The central figure of the night was Marcus A. Hanna, who is looked upon here as the advance agent of the Mc Kinley administration, with a commission to feel the pulse of congress and to communicate the policy of the president-elect to the leaders. When Hanna appeared in the Arlington lobby after his dinner, accompanied by H. C. Payne, of Wisconsin, who is slated as a cabinet probability; C. J. Dawes, of Chicago, a member of the Republican committee, and General Horace Porter, the marshal of the inauguration parade, the party was surrounded by congressmen and other politicians who escorted them to Hanna's rooms. The Republican chairman had been invisible during the day, trying to put aside politics for a Sunday, he explained, but throughout the evening he was beset by visitors.

Some of the most conspicuous mer about the hotel, most of whom talked with Hanna during the evening, were Senators Platt, of Connecticut, and Aldrich, of Rhode Island; Chairman Babcock and Vice Chairman Mercer, of the congressional campaign committee; General Grosvenor, of Ohio Congressmen Lacey (of Iowa), Gillett, McCormack and Wilson (of New York), Foss, Belknap and Lorimer (of Illinois) Chairman Cannon, of the committee of appropriations of the house, and"Deacon" S. V. White, the New York financler who served a term in congress and seldom fails to attend the opening of a session.

Russia on the Egyptian Question. London, Dec. 7 .- Itis semi-officially announced that Russia has notified France that the interests of the government in the matter of the evacuation of Egypt is quite remote. The czar is said to have expressed the conviction that Great Britain has earned an indemnity by reason of her

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No. 14
No. 2 10;10 a m.
No. 18
No. 4 6;53 p. m.
NORTH BOUND.
No. 158:02 s. m.
No. 19
No. 7
No. 5 5:24 p.m.
No. 3
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